

NQF Measure Selection Tool (MSeT)

Project Team

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Background

Overview

Phase 1 (2017-2018): Measure Prioritization

- Identified priority measurement areas
- Feedback on Prioritization Criteria
- Applied scoring methodology to NQF portfolio

Phase 2 (2019-2020): Measure Selection

- Re-focused on Measure Selection
- Streamlined and expanded Selection Criteria
- Product Design and User Testing

NQF Measure Prioritization Criteria

Prioritization Phase 1

Outcome-focused (25%)

 Outcome measures and measures with strong link to improved outcomes and costs

Improvable (25%)

 Measures with demonstrated need for improvement and evidence-based strategies for doing so

Future Phases

Equity Focused

 Measures that are disparities sensitive

Impact

 Measures that have largescale societal effect on healthcare outcomes and/or costs

Implementation Burden

Measures with less implementation cost, either financial, or in clinician time

Meaningful to patients and caregivers (25%)

 Person-centered measures with meaningful and understandable results for patients and caregivers

Support systemic and integrated view of care (25%)

 Measures that reflect care that spans settings, providers, and time to ensure that care is improving within and across systems of care

Phase 1: Application of Prioritization Criteria

Measure Number	Measure Title	Outcome Focused	Improvable	Patient and Caregiver Focused	Integrate d View of Care	Total Score (0- 10)
T	v		T		-	
	Depression Remission at Six Months	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.25	8.75
1885	Depression Response at Twelve Months- Progress Towa	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.25	8.75
710	Depression Remission at Twelve Months	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.25	8.75
1884	Depression Response at Six Months- Progress Towards I	2.5	1.25	2.5	1.25	7.5
2602	Controlling High Blood Pressure for People with Serious	2.5	2.5	1.25	1.25	7.5
2607	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: H	2.5	2.5	1.25	1.25	7.5
2608	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: H	2.5	2.5	1.25	1.25	7.5
2606	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: B	2.5	2.5	1.25	1.25	7.5
712	Depression Utilization of the PHQ-9 Tool	0	2.5	2.5	1.25	6.25
2634	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility (IRF) Functional Outcom	2.5	1.25	1.25	1.25	6.25
2860	Thirty-day all-cause unplanned readmission following p	2.5	1.25	1.25	0.625	5.625
2888	Risk-Standardized Acute Admission Rates for Patients w	2.5	1.25	1.25	0.625	5.625
2599	Alcohol Screening and Follow-up for People with Seriou	0	2.5	1.25	1.25	5
3132	Preventive Care and Screening: Screening for Depression	0	2.5	1.25	1.25	5
3148	Preventive Care and Screening: Screening for Clinical De	0	2.5	1.25	1.25	5
2601	Body Mass Index Screening and Follow-Up for People w	0	2.5	1.25	1.25	5
1934	Diabetes Monitoring for People With Diabetes and Schi	0	1.875	1.25	0.625	3.75
2603	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: H	0	2.5	0	0.625	3.125
2609	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: E	0	2.5	0	0.625	3.125
2604	Diabetes Care for People with Serious Mental Illness: M	0	2.5	0	0.625	3.125
105	Antidepressant Medication Management (AMM)	0	1.25	1.25	0	2.5
2806	Pediatric Psychosis: Screening for Drugs of Abuse in the	0	1.25	0	0.625	1.875

Feedback on Prioritization Phase 1

- Standing Committee Feedback (142 responses)
 - Percent of respondents who agree with the scoring results
 - » 61% of respondents agree or strongly agree
 - » 19% are neutral
 - » 20% disagree or strongly disagree
 - Refine outcome-focused and meaningful to patient and caregivers

CSAC Feedback

- Account for impact
- Clarify intended audience
- Provide more guidance on how to distinguish between topically-similar measures that receive similar scores (i.e.. Depression remission at 6 months vs 12 months)
- Account for ease of implementation
- Refine meaningful to patient and caregivers

Summary of Phase 1

Outcome:

- Strong support to develop guidance for prioritizing NQF's measures
- Strong pushback on the use of the scoring and the methodology.

Conclusion:

- No consensus on the scoring methodology
- Resource constraints prohibit fully addressing stakeholder concerns in the near term

Phase 2 – Measure Selection Tool (MSeT)

NQF Preferred Measure Selection Tool (MSeT)

Problem: Overwhelming number of possible measures to select

 NQF has 500+ endorsed measures – of these measures, how can I decide which ones I should be using? **Goal:** Narrow the universe of appropriate measure selections, based on individual user preferences and needs

Measure Selection Attributes: "Meets" or "Does Not Meet"

Attribute	Question		
Outcome-focused	Does the measure reflect a change in clinical status?		
High Opportunity for Improvement	Does the measure have a significant variation in performance?		
Patient- and caregiver-focused	Is the measure result meaningful to patients and their caregivers?		
Support Integrated View of Care	Does the measure reflect a collaborative and coordinated health system?		
Impact/Prevalence*	Does the measure address one or more pervasive and harmful conditions?		
Data Collection Burden*	Does the measure have minimum impact on clinical workflow and limited upfront investment?		
Health Equity**	Does the measure address ongoing healthcare disparities?		
* New in MSeT	** Pause implementation		

Implementation Approach

Develop binary "meets/does not meet" ruleset for each attribute

Assign attributes to NQF-endorsed measures Make these tags available to external users

Overall Considerations

Does this approach solve the problem?

• Goal: Guide users in sorting and selecting which NQFendorsed measures to use

What design elements will simplify usability? Who do you think would want to use this? What are typical uses cases in measure selection?

Next Steps

- Develop "Use Cases" of likely user stories
- Finalize rules for attribute assignments
 - Test on select topic area portfolios
 - Assign attributes to all NQF-endorsed measures
- Design tool and test with focus groups
- Deploy in Spring 2020, possibly in conjunction with other NQF measure database updates

Discussion

- What are some examples of use cases for a measure selection tool? Who are these users affiliated with, and what are their priorities?
- What other information could help a user choose between measures? How might that information be displayed (one-to-one comparison of specifications? Highlights of key distinguishing features?)