

Strategic Planning and Prioritization Update

CSAC Meeting

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November 10, 2016



NQF 3-year strategic plan and metrics

NQF THREE-YEAR STRATEGIC PLAN AND METRICS

Accelerate Development of Needed Measures	Objective #1: Identity and prioritize gaps	Objective #2: Fill prioritized measure gaps through the NGF Measure Incubator	Objective #3: Develop NOF Measure incubator Learn- ing Collaborative.	Outcomes: • Prioritized list of gaps developed and disseminated nationally • Prioritized measure gaps filied • Improved measure development process through sharing what works and what does not • Collaborative space for networking and problem solving in measure development established	Metrics: • Prioritized measure gaps targeted for measure development • Prioritized measure gaps filled, including through measure incubation • Prioritized measurement issues addressed through Learning Collaborative
Prioritize Measures that Matter: reduce, select, and endorse	Objective #1: Establish criteria to priori- tize measures and gaps	Objective #2: Identity priority outcomes that will improve the health of the nation identity priority account- ability measures that can drive high quality and value	Objective #3: Use measure endorsement and selection processes to reduce number of mea- sures where burden out- weighs benefit	Outcomes: • NOF criteria for measure and gap prioritization disseminated nationally • NOF prioritization criteria inform efforts by others to select and prioritize measures for implementation • Identified prioritized sets of outcomes and accountability measures that will drive improvement for the nation • Reduction of unnecessary measures through endorsement and selection	Metrics: • Use of NGF prioritization criteria for public and private sector measure selection • Prioritized measures identified to address needs of healthcare system • Reduction in unnecessary measure burden
Drive Implementation of Prioritized Measures	Objective #1 Identify levers to drive Im- plementation of prioritized measures	Objective #2 Identity strategies to take advantage of Identified levers	Objective #3 National Quality Partners will focus erforts that will drive improvement in na- tional outcomes	Outcomes Prioritized measures used by public and private sector to drive improvement in national outcomes Prioritized measures used in NQP efforts to drive improvement activities with NQF members	Metrics: Prioritized measures selected for use in private and public sector programs
Facilitate Feedback on What Works and What Doesn't	Objective #1: Assess measure impact through multiple feedback loops	Objective #2: inform measure endorse- ment, selection and priori- tization with information gathered through teed- back	Objective #3: Fully integrate information flow between measure endorsement and measure selection processes	Outcomes Improved information available for endorsement and selection of measures Prioritization informed by measure feedback	Metrics: • Private and public sector partners working with NGF on measure feedback • Measures for which feedback information is available • Bidirectional flow of information between endorsement and selection processes
Foster Quality Leadership and Awareness	Objective #1 Educate and engage NGF members about Fed- eral quality legislation via a Quality Policy Member Network	Objective #2 Influence NGF's legisla- tive and funding strategies through a Quality Policy Advisory Group	Objective #3 Foster key stakeholder leadership support for continued NGF funding	Outcomes VQF members more knowledgeable about federal quality legislation NQF members inform NQF technical assistance on the Hill Guality-related legislation reflects NQF input where appropriate Key stakeholders demonstrate support for NQF's reauthorization NQF funding reauthorized	Metrics: • NGF members actively participating in Quality Policy Member Network • Requests for NQF technical input into quality-related bills • Quality Policy Advisors outreach to solicit Congressional support for NQF

7/2016

Prioritization of Measures and Gaps

Prioritize Measures that Matter



Strategy #1: Accelerate Development of Needed Measures

- Prioritized list of gaps developed and disseminated
 - Standardize measurement gap construct (completed)
 - Establish and apply criteria to prioritize measure gaps
 - » By 12/31/16
 - Prioritized list of measure gaps disseminated
 - » By 3/31/16
- Prioritized measure gaps filled (incubator)
- Collaborative space for sharing and problem-solving in measure development

Draft Gap Construct

- A gap is defined as a lack of a measure in a topic area with a demonstrated quality problem that is likely to benefit from an accountability measure to drive improvements.
- An accountability measure gap should provide the following:
 - Description of how the measure fills a gap in NQF's accountability measures portfolio.
 - What is the quality problem that needs to be addressed?
 - What is the accountable healthcare entity to be measured?
 - What is the population(s) to be measured-(denominator)?
 - What aspect of care should be measured based on the quality problem (numerator)?
 - What type of measure process, outcome, PRO?

Strategy#2: Prioritize Measures that Matter: Reduce, Select & Endorse

1. Establish criteria to prioritize measures and gaps

- Solicit broad input on prioritization criteria
 » By 12/31/16
- 2. Identify prioritized outcomes and accountability measures that can drive high quality and value
 - Prioritized national outcomes and driver measures identified
 » By 3/31/16
 - Develop committee process to prioritize accountability measures by condition, cross-cutting area or setting
 - » By 6/30/17

Environmental Scan: Prioritization Criteria

- National Quality Strategy
- IOM Vital Signs
- NQF Prioritization Advisory Committees
- Healthy People 2020 Indicators
- Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracker
- Consumer priorities for Hospital QI and Implications for Public Reporting, 2011
- IOM: Future Directions for National Healthcare Quality and Disparities Report, 2010
- IHI Whole System Measures
- Commonwealth Fund International Profiles of Healthcare Systems, 2015

- OECD Healthcare Quality Project
- OECD Improving Value in Healthcare: Measuring Quality
- Conceptual Model for National Healthcare Quality Indicator System in Norway
- Denmark Quality Indicators
- UK NICE standards Selecting and Prioritizing Quality Standard Topics
- Australia's Indicators used Nationally to Report on Healthcare, 2013
- European Commission Healthcare Quality Indicators
- Consumer-Purchaser Disclosure Project – Ten criteria for usable meaningful and usable measures of performance

Frequency of Prioritization Criteria



Word Cloud: Prioritization Criteria



Reduce Measures

Strategy#2: Prioritize Measures that Matter: Reduce, Select & Endorse

3. Reduce measures where benefits outweighs burden

Consider MAP and CDP opportunities to drive measure reduction

MAP: Recommendations for Measure Removal

- MAP has expressed a need to better understand the program measure sets, including how new measures under consideration interact with current measures.
- For the 2016-2017 pre-rulemaking cycle, MAP will offer guidance on measures finalized for use:
 - MAP will offer input on ways to strengthen the current measure set including recommendations for future removal of measures.
 - This guidance will be built into the final MAP report but will not be reflected in the "Spreadsheet of MAP Final Recommendations."

Potential Strategies: Measure Reduction through Endorsement Criteria

Potential changes related to evaluation criteria:

- Enforce current criteria (e.g., how to handle measures with flat line improvement?)
- Increase rigor of current criteria/guidance
 - » Narrow use of evidence exception
 - » Consider threshold for "topped out" measures
 - » Consider requiring both data element and score-level testing
 - » Eliminate measures based on face validity
 - » Make use and usability into must—pass criterion
 - Must-pass improvement subcriterion
 - Strengthen unintended consequences subcriterion

Potential Strategies: Measure Reduction through Endorsement Policy

- Potential changes related to endorsement policy
 - Consider dropping the option for reserve status
 - Change Reserve Status to formal "inactive" status, rather than "endorsed but inactive" status
 - Clear guidance to developers regarding expectation for continued endorsement
 - Limit submission to measures proximal to outcomes, intermediate clinical outcome measures, or outcome measures
 - Consider measure sets for related measures

CMS National Impact Assessment: Recommendations

- Develop standardized criteria in collaboration with NQF to retire quality measures.
- Standardize race and ethnicity data collection across CMS quality reporting programs
- Promote transparency and decrease the disparities by monitoring and publicly reporting by race and ethnicity
- Develop more outcome measures, including PROs
- Quantify and monitor process-outcome linkages during measure implementation.
- Conduct a qualitative and quantitative study to understand the characteristics of an organization or provider that are associated with high performance on outcome and cost measures.

Feedback Loops

CDP-MAP INTEGRATION – INFORMATION FLOW

MUC that has never been through NQF

NQF evaluation summary provided to MAP MAP pre-rulemaking recommendations

MAP feedback on endorsed measures:

- Entered into NQF database
- Shared with Committee during maintenance
- Ad hoc review if MAP raises any major issues addressing criteria for endorsement

MUC given conditional support pending NQF endorsement

> NQF outreach to MUC developers in February and during Call for Measures

- Funding proposals include MAP topics
- MAP feedback to Committee

NQF endorsement evaluation

CMS Feedback Loop Pilot

- During the 2015-2016 MAP proceedings, the Workgroups expressed interest in learning more about a measure after it has been reviewed by the MAP:
 - Whether a measure has been submitted for NQF endorsement and results of the Endorsement and Maintenance Standing Committee's review;.
 - Whether a measure is performing as expected; and
 - Whether updates have been made to a measure to address MAP conditions of support.

Feedback Loop Pilot

- For 2016-2017 Pre-Rulemaking, NQF and CMS will pilot a "feedback loop" process with the PAC/LTC Workgroup.
- During the October web meeting, NQF and CMS will provide updates on the development and endorsement of selected measures.
- The goal of the feedback loop is to provide updates based on stakeholder concerns.
- This review is not intended to allow for a change in MAP's recommendation about a measure.

Purpose of Feedback?

- Feedback on what works and doesn't work with measures in use
 - Enhance measure maintenance Increased emphasis on gaps in care (e.g., improvement), usability and use, and feasibility
 - Inform efforts to reduce measurement burden and to prioritize measures
- Feedback from individuals and organizations using measures and being held accountable for measure performance
- Have multiple opportunities to collect feedback

Facilitate Feedback on What Works and What Doesn't

- Improved information available for endorsement and selection
 - Identify current gaps in measure feedback
 - Initiate discussions with four potential pilot partners AHA, AAMC, ACP and AMA
 - Finalize the MAP PAC/LTC feedback pilot with CMS
 - Determine utility of additional existing measure feedback from CMS for select measures
- Implement Feedback Pilot
 - Prioritization informed by measure feedback
- Assess current availability of measure feedback to build into prioritization criteria
 - Integrated measure endorsement and measure selection processes
 - Measure information available across MAP and endorsement
 - Identify opportunities to automate data sharing
 - Assess whether various NQF Committees value integration of endorsement and MAP information

Sociodemographic Status (SDS) Trial: Twenty Measures Endorsed with Conditions

- Three conditions:
 - Consideration for inclusion in the trial period for risk adjustment for sociodemographic (SDS) factors;
 - NQF to pursue future work on developing guidance for attribution; and
 - One-year look-back assessment of unintended consequences.
- Opportunity to collect feedback on any unintended consequences for specific measures

Feedback on Unintended Consequences

- Use an existing commenting tool on the NQF website
- Work with measure appellants to encourage feedback from member organizations
- Do outreach to other interested NQF members to solicit feedback
- NQF staff to assess feedback received
- Feedback shared with relevant committees
- Any action based on feedback received?

Multiple Opportunities to Collect Feedback



Input from the CSAC

- What questions should we be asking?
- What terms or language should we use that will be clear to those providing feedback?