

#### NQF Care Coordination Standing Committee Quarterly Off-Cycle Webinar

Looking Back to Plan Ahead

October 11, 2016

# Introductions and Welcome

NATIONAL QUALITY FORUM

#### **Objectives & Agenda**

- Discuss how the Committee's Portfolio of Work can inform upcoming measure review work
  - Review the contents of the Committee's Portfolio of Work
  - Discuss the Portfolio's strengths and identify opportunities for additional portfolio development

# New Work: Care Coordination 2016-2017 Project

#### **Care Coordination 2016-2017 Project**

#### New project team

- Senior Director, Margaret (Peg) Terry
- Senior Project Manager, Katie Streeter
- Project Analyst, Yetunde Ogungbemi

#### New round of the consensus development process

 Review performance measures in care coordination, including measures focused on patient experience of care, health information technology, transitions of care, and structural measures.

#### **Care Coordination 2016-2017 Project**

#### Measures up for review

- 6 maintenance measures
  - » 0326: Advance Care Plan
  - » 0526: Timely Initiation of Care
  - » 0646: Reconciled Medication List Received by Discharged Patients
  - » 0647: Transition Record with Specified Elements Received by Discharged Patients (d/c from inpatient facility to home/self care or other site)
  - » 0648: Timely Transmission of Transition Record (d/c from inpatient facility to home/self care or other site)
  - » 0649: Transition Record w/Specified Elements Received by Discharged Patients (ED d/c to ambulatory or home health care)
- Any new measure submissions

# Review of the Standing Committee's Portfolio of Work

#### Timeline



## 2006 Care Coordination Definition & Framework

Care coordination is:

"a function that helps ensure that the patient's needs and preferences for health services and information sharing across people, functions, and sites are met over time"

## 2006 Care Coordination Definition & Framework

#### 5 key domains:

- 1. Healthcare "Home"
- 2. Proactive Plan of Care and Follow-up
- 3. Communication
- 4. Information Systems
- 5. Transitions or Handoffs

#### 2010 & 2014

#### **Preferred Practices and Performance Measures**

#### Purpose:

- Provide structure, process, and outcome measures required to assess progress toward the care coordination goals of:
  - » Facilitating and carefully considering feedback from all patients regarding coordination of their care
  - » Improve communication around medication information
  - » Work to reduce 30-day readmission rates
  - » Work to reduce preventable ED visits by 50 %
- Evaluate access, continuity, communication, and tracking of patients across providers and settings.

#### 2010 & 2014 Preferred Practices: Healthcare "Home" Examples

The patient shall be provided the opportunity to select the healthcare home that provides the best and most appropriate opportunities to the patient to develop and maintain relationship with healthcare providers.

The healthcare home or sponsoring organizations shall be the central point for incorporating strategies for continuity of care between medical treatment, behavioral health services, long-term support services, and the community.\*

\*Revised in 2014

#### 2014 Updated Definition

Care coordination is:

"...the deliberate synchronization of activities and information to improve health outcomes by ensuring that care recipients' and families' needs and preferences for healthcare and community services are met over time."

### 2014 Performance Measure Gaps

- Linkages and synchronization
- Progression toward goals
- Comprehensive assessment
- Shared accountability

#### 2014 Measure Domains and Sub-Domains

Joint creation of a person-centered plan of care	Utilization of the health neighborhood to execute plan of care	Achievement of outcomes
Comprehensive Assessment	Linkages/ Synchronization	Experience
Goal Setting	Quality of Services	Progression Towards Goals
Shared Accountability		Efficiency

#### 2014 Recommendations

- Building the evidence base on effective care coordination practices
- Accelerating health workforce culture change in pursuit of partnerships and team-based care
- More rapid standardization of care plan data
- Adjusting the nature and intensity of care coordination to respond to individuals' needs
- Careful consideration of the interplay between measurement and payment incentives

PHASES 1 & 2		
Measure #	Measure Title	
<u>0171</u>	Acute care hospitalization (risk-adjusted)	
<u>0173</u>	Emergency Department Use without Hospitalization	
<u>0526</u>	Timely initiation of care	
<u>0097</u>	Medication Reconciliation	
<u>0553</u>	Care for Older Adults – Medication Review	
<u>0554</u>	Medication Reconciliation Post Discharge	
<u>0646</u>	Reconciled Medication List Received by Discharged Patients (Discharges	
	from an Inpatient Facility to Home/Self Care or Any Other Site of Care)	
0494	Medical Home System Survey (NCQA)	
<u>0326</u>	Advance Care Plan	

PHASES 1 & 2			
Measure #	Measure Title		
<u>0647</u>	Transition Record with Specified Elements Received by Discharged		
	Patients (Discharged from an Inpatient Facility to Home/Self Care or Any		
	other Site of Care)		
<u>0648</u>	Timely Transmission of Transition Record (Discharged from an Inpatient		
	Facility to Home/Self Care or Any other Site of Care)		
<u>0649</u>	Transition Record with Specified Elements Received by Discharged		
	Patients (Emergency Department Discharged to Ambulatory Care or		
	Home Health Care)		
	Not Endorsed		
0511	Correlation with Existing Imaging Studies for All Patients Undergoing Bone		
	Scintigraphy		
0520	Drug Education on All Medications Provided to Patient/Caregiver During		
	Short-Term Episodes of Care		
0645	Biopsy Follow-up		

PHASE 3		
Measure #	Measure Title	
<u>0291</u>	Emergency transfer Communication	
<u>0495</u>	Median time from ED arrival to ED departure for admitted ED patients	
<u>0496</u>	Median time from ED arrive to ED departure for discharged ED patients	
<u>0497</u>	Admit decision time to ED departure time for admitted patients	
<u>2456</u>	Medication Reconciliation: Number of Unintentional Medication	
	Discrepancies per Patient	
<u>0487</u>	EHR with EDI prescribing used in encounters where a prescribing event	
	occurred	
Not Endorsed		
0487	EHR with EDI prescribing used in encounters where a prescribing event	
	occurred	

PHASE 3		
Withdrawn from Consideration		
Measure #	Measure Title	
0486	Adoption of Medication e-Prescribing	
0488	Adoption of Health Information Technology	
0489	The Ability of Providers with HIT to Receive Laboratory Data Electronically Directly into their qualified/certified EHR system as Discrete Searchable Data Element	
0491	Tracking of Clinical Results between Visits	
0493	Participation by a physician or other clinician in systematic clinical database registry that include consensus endorsed quality measures	
0292	Vital Signs	
0293	Medication Information	
0294	Patient Information	
0295	Physician Information	
0293	Nursing Information	
0297	Procedures and Tests	

## **Off-Cycle Activities: Lessons Learned**

- 1. Care coordination is about closing loops and completing connections.
- 2. Measures capturing only one segment of the process are insufficient and ultimately, invalid.
- 3. Our ability to recognize high quality care coordination exceeds our ability to measure it.
- 4. Preferred practices in care coordination are important and largely overlooked sources of insight into effective care coordination and potential performance measures.
- 5. General care coordination processes, like communication of information across settings and providers, are important and need to be measured for all recipients of health care regardless of diagnosis or setting.

## **Off-Cycle Activities: Lessons Learned**

- 6. General care coordination processes should be distinguished from more complex care coordination processes targeted to the needs of high risk individuals and populations.
- 7. Care coordination, by definition, occurs between and across people and settings; capturing attribution in measures will likely be difficult and controversial.
- 8. Patient and family experience with care coordination is central to performance measurement.
- 9. Meaningful care coordination measurement requires strong process and outcome measures and rigorous research supporting their relationships.
- Structural measures may be important for evaluating capacity to deliver the necessary dose of care coordination for achieving outcomes.

#### **Off-Cycle Work: Recommendations**

Clarifying the Standing Committee's Purpose:

- To review care coordination performance measures submitted to NQF
- To advise other Standing Committees or other stakeholder groups on issues related to care coordination practice, science, and measurement.
- To anticipate the measurement needs of the field of care coordination and provide strategic guidance on how those needs can be met

# Discussion

## **Discussion Questions**

- What are the strengths of the Portfolio?
- What opportunities are there for further developing the portfolio during this upcoming project?
  - How can we clarify what NQF endorsement means for these measures?
  - How do we define a care coordination measure? How can we use this definition to better understand the number and type of care coordination measures within the NQF portfolio of measures?
  - How can we better describe measure gaps so as to provide more specific guidance to measure developers?

#### **CDP-MAP INTEGRATION – INFORMATION FLOW**



# Public Comment

## What's Next?

#### Care Coordination 2016-2017 Project

Meeting	Date/Time
Call for Nominations	Closes November 3, 2016 at 6 PM ET
Call of Measures	Closes November 28, 2016 at 6 PM ET
Orientation Call	January 10, 2017 at 12PM-2PM ET
Measure Evaluation Q&A	January 12, 2017 at 2PM-3PM ET
Workgroup Calls	February 6, 2017 at 2PM-4PM ET
	February 7, 2017 at 2PM-4PM ET
In-person Meeting	February 21 – February 22, 2017

# Adjourn