

Health and Well-Being Measures 2014: Standards Under Review

Click the measure numbers to read more about the measure on QPS!

Measure Number	Title	Description	Measure Steward
0280	Dehydration Admission Rate (PQI 10)	This measure is used to assess the number of admissions for dehydration per 100,000 population.	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
1392	Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (W15)	Percentage of patients who turned 15 months old during the measurement year and who had the following number of well-child visits with a PCP during their first 15 months of life. Seven rates are reported: •No well-child visits •One well-child visit •Two well-child visits •Three well-child visits •Four well-child visits •Five well-child visits •Six or more well-child visits	National Committee for Quality Assurance
<u>1516</u>	Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Years of Life (W34)	Percentage of patients 3–6 years of age who received one or more well-child visits with a PCP during the measurement year.	National Committee for Quality Assurance

Measure Number	Title	Description	Measure Steward
<u>1385</u>	Developmental screening using a parent completed screening tool (Parent report, Children 0-5)	The measure assesses whether the parent or caregiver completed a developmental screening tool meant to identify children at-risk for developmental, behavioral and social delays. The items are age-specific and anchored to parent-completed tools (a majority of health care providers implementing the Bright Futures recommendations for standardized screening for all children utilize parent-completed tools due to their validity and feasibility). The age-specific items assess whether children 10-71 months are screened.	The Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative
		The items assessing developmental screening in the National Survey of Children's Health are meant to assess whether the parent or caregiver completed a standardized developmental screening tool. Developmental screening is defined as a standardized tool that assesses the child's risk for developmental, behavioral and social delays. The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends standardized screening using an approved screening tool as the best method of identifying children at risk for developmental, behavioral and/or social delays.	
<u>1407</u>	Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)	The percentage of adolescents 13 years of age who had the recommended immunizations by their 13th birthday.	National Committee for Quality Assurance
<u>1448</u>	Developmental Screening in the First Three Years of Life	The percentage of children screened for risk of developmental, behavioral and social delays using a standardized screening tool in the first three years of life. This is a measure of screening in the first three years of life that includes three, age-specific indicators assessing whether children are screened by 12 months of age, by 24 months of age and by 36 months of age.	Oregon Health & Science University
2689	Ambulatory Care Sensitive Emergency Department Visits for Dental Caries in Children	Number of emergency department visits for caries-related reasons per 100,000 member months for all enrolled children	American Dental Association Dental Quality Alliance
2695	Follow-Up after Emergency Department Visit by Children for Dental Caries	Percentage of ambulatory care sensitive Emergency Department (ED) visits for dental caries among children 0 – 20 years in the reporting period for which the member visited a dentist within (a) 7 days and (b) 30 days of the ED visit.	American Dental Association Dental Quality Alliance