# NATIONAL QUALITY FORUM

### Measure Submission and Evaluation Worksheet 5.0

This form contains the information submitted by measure developers/stewards, organized according to NQF's measure evaluation criteria and process. The evaluation criteria, evaluation guidance documents, and a blank online submission form are available on the <u>submitting standards web page</u>.

NQF Project: Palliative Care and End-of-Life Care

NQF #: 0212

(for Endorsement Maintenance Review)

Original Endorsement Date. Wost Recent Endorsement Date.
BRIEF MEASURE INFORMATION
De.1 Measure Title: Proportion with more than one hospitalization in the last 30 days of life
Co.1 Measure Steward: American Society of Clinical Oncology   2318 Mill Road, Suite 800   Alexandria   Virginia   22314
De.2 Brief Description of Measure: Percentage of patients who died from cancer with more than one hospitalization in the last 30 days of life
2a1.1 Numerator Statement: Patients who died from cancer and had >1 hospitalization in the last 30 days of life
2a1.4 Denominator Statement: Patients who died from cancer.
2a1.8 Denominator Exclusions: None
1.1 Measure Type: Process 2a1. 25-26 Data Source: Administrative claims, Electronic Clinical Data, Electronic Clinical Data: Electronic Health Record, Electronic Clinical Data: Registry, Management Data, Paper Records 2a1.33 Level of Analysis: Clinician: Group/Practice, Facility, Health Plan, Integrated Delivery System, Population: County or City, Population: National, Population: Regional, Population: State  1.2-1.4 Is this measure paired with another measure? No
De.3 If included in a composite, please identify the composite measure ( <i>title and NQF number if endorsed</i> ):
STAFF NOTES (issues or questions regarding any criteria)
Comments on Conditions for Consideration:
Is the measure untested? Yes No If untested, explain how it meets criteria for consideration for time-limited endorsement:
1a. Specific national health goal/priority identified by DHHS or NPP addressed by the measure ( <i>check De.5</i> ): 5. Similar/related endorsed or submitted measures ( <i>check 5.1</i> ): Other Criteria:
Staff Reviewer Name(s):
1. IMPACT, OPPORTUITY, EVIDENCE - IMPORTANCE TO MEASURE AND REPORT
Importance to Measure and Report is a threshold criterion that must be met in order to recommend a measure for endorsement. All
three subcriteria must be met to pass this criterion. See <u>quidance on evidence</u> . <i>Measures must be judged to be important to measure and report in order to be evaluated against the remaining criteria</i> .  (evaluation criteria)

aspect of I	healthcare	.)				
De.4 Subject/Topic Areas (Check all the areas that apply): Cancer De.5 Cross Cutting Areas (Check all the areas that apply): Palliative Care and End of Life Care						
1a.1 Demo	onstrated	High Impact	Aspect of Healthcare: High resource use; Patient/societal consequences of poor quality			
1a.2 If "Ot	1a.2 If "Other," please describe:					
Multiple ho	1a.3 Summary of Evidence of High Impact ( <i>Provide epidemiologic or resource use data</i> ): Multiple hospitalizations near the end of life may indicate a lack of discussion about advance directives, and/or inattention to symptoms. Hospital care is expensive and usually not desired by patients or their families.					
	1a.4 Citations for Evidence of High Impact cited in 1a.3: Earle CC, Park ER, Lai B, Weeks JC, Ayanian JZ, Block S. Identifying potential indicators of the quality of end of life cancer care from administrative data. J Clin Oncol. 2003;21(6):1133-8.					
			t: H M L I Constitution of the Market of the			
			(improvements in quality) envisioned by use of this measure: d improve quality of life and save resources.			
1b.2 Summary of Data Demonstrating Performance Gap (Variation or overall less than optimal performance across providers): [For <u>Maintenance</u> – Descriptive statistics for performance results <u>for this measure</u> - distribution of scores for measured entities by quartile/decile, mean, median, SD, min, max, etc.]						
	ŭ		in the rates of hospital admission among similar cancer patients.			
1b.3 Citations for Data on Performance Gap: [For <u>Maintenance</u> – Description of the data or sample for measure results reported in 1b.2 including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included] Earle CC, Neville BA, Landrum ME, Souza JE, Weeks JC, Block SD, Grunfeld E, Ayanian JZ. Evaluating claims-based indicators of the intensity of end-of-life cancer care. Int J Qual Health Care. 2005;17(6):505-9.						
			ities by Population Group: [For Maintenance –Descriptive statistics for performance			
results <u>for this measure</u> by population group] A composite measure of aggressive care that included this measure showed that African-Americans, particularly those treated in the community setting, are more likely to experience aggressive care.						
reported in			rities Cited in 1b.4: [For Maintenance – Description of the data or sample for measure results of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities			
included] Earle CC, Neville BA, Landrum ME, Ayanian JZ, Block SD, Weeks JC. Trends in the aggressiveness of cancer care near the end of						
life. J Clin Oncol. 2004;22(2):315-21.  Earle CC, Landrum MB, Souza JM, Neville BA, Weeks JC, Ayanian JZ. Aggressiveness of cancer care near the end of life: is it a						
			2008 Aug 10;26(23):3860-6.			
1c. Evidence (Measure focus is a health outcome OR meets the criteria for quantity, quality, consistency of the body of evidence.) Is the measure focus a health outcome? Yes No If not a health outcome, rate the body of evidence.						
Quantity: H M L I Quality: H M L I Consistency: H M L I						
Quantity	Quality	Consistency	Does the measure pass subcriterion1c?			
M-H	M-H	M-H	Yes			
L	M-H	M	Yes IF additional research unlikely to change conclusion that benefits to patients outweigh harms; otherwise No			
мы		МП	Vac IE potential hopofite to nationte clearly outwoigh natential harms: otherwise No			

			<u>'</u>	3
L-M-H	L-M-H	L	No 🗌	
			s relationship to at least tervention, or service	Does the measure pass subcriterion1c? Yes IF rationale supports relationship
outcome, intermedia A structura of cancer	process, s ate clinical al feature: care near	structure; then id outcome-health regional availal the end of life the	dentify the appropriate link h outcome): bility of hospice, has been	the the measure focus, e.g., health outcome, intermediate clinical ks, e.g., structure-process-health outcome; process- health outcome; a shown to correlate with a composite measure of the aggressiveness e. Mostly it is a process measure indicating a possible inadequate focus e.
1c.2-3 <b>Ty</b>	pe of Evid	lence (Check a	all that apply): Selected in	dividual studies (rather than entire body of evidence)
of evidence	ce and idei	ntify any differe		tate the central topic, population, and outcomes addressed in the body ocus and measure target population):
1c.5 Quar	ntity of St	udies in the Bo	ody of Evidence (Total no	umber of studies, not articles): 4
across studirectness in the evid	udies in the s/indirectne dence); and	e body of evider ess of the evide d c) imprecisior	nce resulting from study fa ence to this measure (e.g., n/wide confidence intervals	or confidence in the estimates of benefits and harms to patients actors. Please address: a) study design/flaws; b), interventions, comparisons, outcomes assessed, population included is due to few patients or events): rative data, consequently there are limitations to the quality of the data.
	sistency o wn similar i		oss Studies (Summarize t	the consistency of the magnitude and direction of the effect): All studies
- benefit o	over harms	s):		come; identify harms addressed and estimates of effect; and net benefit (death) as well as resource savings.
1c.9 Grad	ling of Str	ength/Quality	of the Body of Evidence	e. Has the body of evidence been graded? No
	ody of evi res regard		, identify the entity that ç	graded the evidence including balance of representation and any
1c.11 <b>Sy</b> s	stem Used	I for Grading t	he Body of Evidence: O	vther
1c.12 <b>If o</b>	ther, iden	tify and descri	be the grading scale wit	h definitions: N/A
1c.13 <b>Gra</b>	ide Assigr	ned to the Bod	ly of Evidence:	
1c.14 Sur	mmary of	Controversy/C	Contradictory Evidence:	
1c.15 Cita	ations for	Evidence othe	er than Guidelines <i>(Guide</i>	elines addressed below):
1c.16 Qua	ote verbat	im, <u>the specif</u> i	ic guideline recommend	ation (Including guideline # and/or page #):
1c.17 Clir	nical Pract	tice Guideline	Citation:	
1c.18 <b>Nat</b>	ional Guid	deline Clearinç	ghouse or other URL:	
1c.19 Gra	ading of S	trength of Gui	deline Recommendation	n. Has the recommendation been graded? No

1c.20 If guideline recommendation graded, identify the entity that graded the evidence including balance of representation and any disclosures regarding bias:
1c.21 System Used for Grading the Strength of Guideline Recommendation: Other
1c.22 If other, identify and describe the grading scale with definitions: N/A
1c.23 Grade Assigned to the Recommendation:
1c.24 Rationale for Using this Guideline Over Others:
Based on the NQF descriptions for rating the evidence, what was the <u>developer's assessment</u> of the quantity, quality, and consistency of the body of evidence?  1c.25 Quantity: High  1c.26 Quality: Moderate 1c.27 Consistency: High
Was the threshold criterion, <i>Importance to Measure and Report</i> , met?  (1a & 1b must be rated moderate or high and 1c yes) Yes No  Provide rationale based on specific subcriteria:
For a new measure if the Committee votes NO, then STOP. For a measure undergoing endorsement maintenance, if the Committee votes NO because of 1b. (no opportunity for improvement), it may be considered for continued endorsement and all criteria need to be evaluated.
2. RELIABILITY & VALIDITY - SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILITY OF MEASURE PROPERTIES
Extent to which the measure, <u>as specified</u> , produces consistent (reliable) and credible (valid) results about the quality of care when implemented. (evaluation criteria)  Measure testing must demonstrate adequate reliability and validity in order to be recommended for endorsement. Testing may be conducted for data elements and/or the computed measure score. Testing information and results should be entered in the appropriate field. Supplemental materials may be referenced or attached in item 2.1. See <u>guidance on measure testing</u> .
S.1 Measure Web Page (In the future, NQF will require measure stewards to provide a URL link to a web page where current detailed specifications can be obtained). Do you have a web page where current detailed specifications for this measure can be obtained? No
S.2 If yes, provide web page URL:
2a. RELIABILITY. Precise Specifications and Reliability Testing: H M L I
2a1. Precise Measure Specifications. (The measure specifications precise and unambiguous.)
2a1.1 Numerator Statement (Brief, narrative description of the measure focus or what is being measured about the target population, e.g., cases from the target population with the target process, condition, event, or outcome):  Patients who died from cancer and had >1 hospitalization in the last 30 days of life
2a1.2 Numerator Time Window (The time period in which the target process, condition, event, or outcome is eligible for inclusion): 30 days before death
2a1.3 Numerator Details (All information required to identify and calculate the cases from the target population with the target process, condition, event, or outcome such as definitions, codes with descriptors, and/or specific data collection items/responses:  MEDPAR only: did not include SNF claims counted number of admissions (using admitdate variable) per person during last 30 days before death No codes used.
2a1.4 Denominator Statement (Brief, narrative description of the target population being measured): Patients who died from cancer.

- 2a1.5 Target Population Category (Check all the populations for which the measure is specified and tested if any): Adult/Elderly Care
- 2a1.6 **Denominator Time Window** (*The time period in which cases are eligible for inclusion*): None
- 2a1.7 **Denominator Details** (All information required to identify and calculate the target population/denominator such as definitions, codes with descriptors, and/or specific data collection items/responses):

  Medicare patients in the death registry with cancer as their cause of death
- 2a1.8 **Denominator Exclusions** (Brief narrative description of exclusions from the target population): None
- 2a1.9 **Denominator Exclusion Details** (All information required to identify and calculate exclusions from the denominator such as definitions, codes with descriptors, and/or specific data collection items/responses):

  N/A
- 2a1.10 **Stratification Details/Variables** (*All information required to stratify the measure results including the stratification variables, codes with descriptors, definitions, and/or specific data collection items/responses):

  No stratification was used in the measure's development or evaluation, however, it would be reasonable to apply the Deyo modification of the Charlson score (Deyo RA, Cherkin DC, Ciol MA: Adapting a clinical comorbidity index for use with ICD-9-CM administrative databases. J Clin Epidemiol 45:613-619, 1992)to claims and stratifying for comorbidities, e.g., scores of 0, 1, or 2+.*
- 2a1.11 Risk Adjustment Type (Select type. Provide specifications for risk stratification in 2a1.10 and for statistical model in 2a1.13): No risk adjustment or risk stratification 2a1.12 If "Other," please describe:
- 2a1.13 **Statistical Risk Model and Variables** (*Name the statistical method e.g., logistic regression and list all the risk factor variables. Note risk model development should be addressed in 2b4.):

  None. No risk adjustment is necessary. The Deyo modification of the Charlson score can be applied to claims.*
- 2a1.14-16 **Detailed Risk Model Available at Web page URL** (or attachment). Include coefficients, equations, codes with descriptors, definitions, and/or specific data collection items/responses. Attach documents only if they are not available on a webpage and keep attached file to 5 MB or less. NQF strongly prefers you make documents available at a Web page URL. Please supply login/password if needed:
- 2a1.17-18. Type of Score: Rate/proportion
- 2a1.19 Interpretation of Score (Classifies interpretation of score according to whether better quality is associated with a higher score, a lower score, a score falling within a defined interval, or a passing score): better quality = lower score
- 2a1.20 Calculation Algorithm/Measure Logic (Describe the calculation of the measure score as an ordered sequence of steps including identifying the target population; exclusions; cases meeting the target process, condition, event, or outcome; aggregating data; risk adjustment; etc.):
- 2a1.21 23 Calculation Algorithm/Measure Logic Diagram URL or attachment:
- 2a1.24 **Sampling (Survey) Methodology**. If measure is based on a sample (or survey), provide instructions for obtaining the sample, conducting the survey and guidance on minimum sample size (response rate):
- 2a1.25 **Data Source** (Check all the sources for which the measure is specified and tested). If other, please describe: Administrative claims, Electronic Clinical Data, Electronic Clinical Data: Electronic Health Record, Electronic Clinical Data: Registry, Management Data, Paper Records
- 2a1.26 Data Source/Data Collection Instrument (Identify the specific data source/data collection instrument, e.g. name of database, clinical registry, collection instrument, etc.): Medicare claims and denominator file

2a1.27-29 Data Source/data Collection Instrument Reference Web Page URL or Attachment:
2a1.30-32 Data Dictionary/Code Table Web Page URL or Attachment:
2a1.33 <b>Level of Analysis</b> ( <i>Check the levels of analysis for which the measure is specified and tested</i> ): Clinician : Group/Practice, Facility, Health Plan, Integrated Delivery System, Population : County or City, Population : National, Population : Regional, Population : State
2a1.34-35 Care Setting (Check all the settings for which the measure is specified and tested): Hospital/Acute Care Facility 111253
2a2. <b>Reliability Testing</b> . ( <i>Reliability testing was conducted with appropriate method, scope, and adequate demonstration of reliability</i> .)
2a2.1 <b>Data/Sample</b> (Description of the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included):  The measure was developed using the Medicare claims of all continuously-enrolled patients who died of cancer after having been diagnosed in a SEER region between 1991 and 1996.
2a2.2 Analytic Method (Describe method of reliability testing & rationale): Evaluation was carried out on 150 consecutive patients treated for advanced cancer at Dana-Farber Cancer Institute and Brigham and Women's Hospital in Boston. Claims were obtained and analyzed and the accuracy was compared to detailed medical record review.
2a2.3 <b>Testing Results</b> (Reliability statistics, assessment of adequacy in the context of norms for the test conducted): Sensitivity 0.96, Specificity 1.00
2b. VALIDITY. Validity, Testing, including all Threats to Validity: H M L I
2b1.1 Describe how the measure specifications (measure focus, target population, and exclusions) are consistent with the evidence cited in support of the measure focus (criterion 1c) and identify any differences from the evidence: They are identical
2b2. Validity Testing. (Validity testing was conducted with appropriate method, scope, and adequate demonstration of validity.)
2b2.1 <b>Data/Sample</b> (Description of the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included): Evaluation was carried out on 150 consecutive patients treated for advanced cancer at Dana-Farber Cancer Institute and Brigham and Women's Hospital in Boston. Claims were obtained and analyzed and the accuracy was compared to detailed medical record review.
2b2.2 <b>Analytic Method</b> (Describe method of validity testing and rationale; if face validity, describe systematic assessment): The percent agreement between claims and medical record review was calculated.
2b2.3 <b>Testing Results</b> (Statistical results, assessment of adequacy in the context of norms for the test conducted; if face validity, describe results of systematic assessment): The measure was 97% accurate.
POTENTIAL THREATS TO VALIDITY. (All potential threats to validity were appropriately tested with adequate results.)
<b>2b3. Measure Exclusions</b> . (Exclusions were supported by the clinical evidence in 1c or appropriately tested with results demonstrating the need to specify them.)
2b3.1 Data/Sample for analysis of exclusions (Description of the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included):  None

2b3.2 Analytic Method (Describe type of analysis and rationale for examining exclusions, including exclusion related to patient

preference):

N/A

2b3.3 **Results** (*Provide statistical results for analysis of exclusions, e.g., frequency, variability, sensitivity analyses*): N/A

- **2b4.** Risk Adjustment Strategy. (For outcome measures, adjustment for differences in case mix (severity) across measured entities was appropriately tested with adequate results.)
- 2b4.1 **Data/Sample** (Description of the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included):

  N/A
- 2b4.2 **Analytic Method** (Describe methods and rationale for development and testing of risk model or risk stratification including selection of factors/variables):

N/A

- 2b4.3 Testing Results (<u>Statistical risk model</u>: Provide quantitative assessment of relative contribution of model risk factors; risk model performance metrics including cross-validation discrimination and calibration statistics, calibration curve and risk decile plot, and assessment of adequacy in the context of norms for risk models. <u>Risk stratification</u>: Provide quantitative assessment of relationship of risk factors to the outcome and differences in outcomes among the strata):

  N/A
- 2b4.4 If outcome or resource use measure is not risk adjusted, provide rationale and analyses to justify lack of adjustment:
- **2b5. Identification of Meaningful Differences in Performance**. (*The performance measure scores were appropriately analyzed and discriminated meaningful differences in quality.*)
- 2b5.1 Data/Sample (Describe the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included):

We used the Medicare claims of all 28,777 continuously-enrolled patients who died of cancer after having been diagnosed in a SEER region between 1991 and 1996.

2b5.2 **Analytic Method** (Describe methods and rationale to identify statistically significant and practically/meaningfully differences in performance):

Benchmarks were established to identify the outlying 10th decile of practice

2b5.3 Results (Provide measure performance results/scores, e.g., distribution by quartile, mean, median, SD, etc.; identification of statistically significant and meaningfully differences in performance):

A benchmark target of < 4% of patients experiencing multiple hospital admissions in the last 30 days of life.

- **2b6**. Comparability of Multiple Data Sources/Methods. (If specified for more than one data source, the various approaches result in comparable scores.)
- **2b6.1 Data/Sample** (Describe the data or sample including number of measured entities; number of patients; dates of data; if a sample, characteristics of the entities included):

Administrative claims and chart review, as described above.

**2b6.2 Analytic Method** (Describe methods and rationale for testing comparability of scores produced by the different data sources specified in the measure):

% agreement was calculated

2b6.3 **Testing Results** (*Provide statistical results, e.g., correlation statistics, comparison of rankings; assessment of adequacy in the context of norms for the test conducted*):

97% accuracy

NQF #0212 Proportion with more than one hospitalization in the last 30 days of life

2c. Disparities in Care: H M L I NA (If applicable, the measure specifications allow identification of disparities.)
2c.1 If measure is stratified for disparities, provide stratified results (Scores by stratified categories/cohorts): N/A
2c.2 If disparities have been reported/identified (e.g., in 1b), but measure is not specified to detect disparities, please explain:  N/A
2.1-2.3 Supplemental Testing Methodology Information:
Steering Committee: Overall, was the criterion, Scientific Acceptability of Measure Properties, met?  (Reliability and Validity must be rated moderate or high) Yes No  Provide rationale based on specific subcriteria:
If the Committee votes No, STOP
3. USABILITY
Extent to which intended audiences (e.g., consumers, purchasers, providers, policy makers) can understand the results of the measure and are likely to find them useful for decision making. (evaluation criteria)
C.1 Intended Purpose/ Use (Check all the purposes and/or uses for which the measure is intended): Public Reporting, Quality Improvement (Internal to the specific organization), Quality Improvement with Benchmarking (external benchmarking to multiple organizations)
3.1 <b>Current Use</b> (Check all that apply; for any that are checked, provide the specific program information in the following questions): Public Reporting; Quality Improvement with Benchmarking (external benchmarking to multiple organizations)
3a. Usefulness for Public Reporting: H M L I (The measure is meaningful, understandable and useful for public reporting.)
3a.1. Use in Public Reporting - disclosure of performance results to the public at large (If used in a public reporting program, provide name of program(s), locations, Web page URL(s)). If not publicly reported in a national or community program, state the reason AND plans to achieve public reporting, potential reporting programs or commitments, and timeline, e.g., within 3 years of endorsement: [For Maintenance – If not publicly reported, describe progress made toward achieving disclosure of performance results to the public at large and expected date for public reporting; provide rationale why continued endorsement should be considered.]  This has been reported as part of Cancer Care Ontario's Cancer System Quality Index (www.csgi.cancercare.on.ca)
This has been reported as part of Cancer Care Ontario's Cancer System Quality Index (www.csqi.cancercare.on.ca)
3a.2.Provide a rationale for why the measure performance results are meaningful, understandable, and useful for public reporting. If usefulness was demonstrated (e.g., focus group, cognitive testing), describe the data, method, and results: This measure was established based on focus groups and interviews with patients, followed by a modified Delphi process with an expert panel.
3.2 Use for other Accountability Functions (payment, certification, accreditation). If used in a public accountability program, provide name of program(s), locations, Web page URL(s):
3b. Usefulness for Quality Improvement: H M L I (The measure is meaningful, understandable and useful for quality improvement.)
3b.1. Use in QI. If used in quality improvement program, provide name of program(s), locations, Web page URL(s):  [For Maintenance – If not used for QI, indicate the reasons and describe progress toward using performance results for improvement].  The measure potentially indicates whether symptoms have been controlled and whether advance directives discussions have taken place.
3b.2. Provide rationale for why the measure performance results are meaningful, understandable, and useful for quality improvement. If usefulness was demonstrated (e.g., Ql initiative), describe the data, method and results:

The measure has face validity and to some degree is under the control of the treating physician.
Overall, to what extent was the criterion, <i>Usability</i> , met? H M L I M Provide rationale based on specific subcriteria:
4. FEASIBILITY
Extent to which the required data are readily available, retrievable without undue burden, and can be implemented for performance measurement. (evaluation criteria)
4a. Data Generated as a Byproduct of Care Processes: H M L I
4a.1-2 How are the data elements needed to compute measure scores generated? (Check all that apply).  Data used in the measure are: Coded by someone other than person obtaining original information (e.g., DRG, ICD-9 codes on claims)
4b. Electronic Sources: H M L I
4b.1 Are the data elements needed for the measure as specified available electronically (Elements that are needed to compute measure scores are in defined, computer-readable fields): ALL data elements in electronic claims
4b.2 If ALL data elements are not from electronic sources, specify a credible, near-term path to electronic capture, OR provide a rationale for using other than electronic sources:
4c. Susceptibility to Inaccuracies, Errors, or Unintended Consequences: H M L I
4c.1 Identify susceptibility to inaccuracies, errors, or unintended consequences of the measurement identified during testing and/or operational use and strategies to prevent, minimize, or detect. If audited, provide results: 97% accuracy
4d. Data Collection Strategy/Implementation: H M L I
A.2 Please check if either of the following apply (regarding proprietary measures): 4d.1 Describe what you have learned/modified as a result of testing and/or operational use of the measure regarding data collection, availability of data, missing data, timing and frequency of data collection, sampling, patient confidentiality, time and cost of data collection, other feasibility/implementation issues (e.g., fees for use of proprietary measures):  None
Overall, to what extent was the criterion, <i>Feasibility</i> , met? H M L I Provide rationale based on specific subcriteria:
OVERALL SUITABILITY FOR ENDORSEMENT
Does the measure meet all the NQF criteria for endorsement? Yes No Rationale:
If the Committee votes No, STOP. If the Committee votes Yes, the final recommendation is contingent on comparison to related and competing measures.
5. COMPARISON TO RELATED AND COMPETING MEASURES

If a measure meets the above criteria and there are endorsed or new related measures (either the same measure focus or the same target population) or competing measures (both the same measure focus and the same target population), the measures are compared to address harmonization and/or selection of the best measure before a final recommendation is made.

5.1 If there are related measures (either same measure focus or target population) or competing measures (both the same measure focus and same target population), list the NQF # and title of all related and/or competing measures:

0210: Proportion receiving chemotherapy in the last 14 days of life

0211: Proportion with more than one emergency room visit in the last days of life

- 0213: Proportion admitted to the ICU in the last 30 days of life
- 0214: Proportion dying from Cancer in an acute care setting
- 0215: Proportion not admitted to hospice
- 0216: Proportion admitted to hospice for less than 3 days

#### 5a. Harmonization

- 5a.1 If this measure has EITHER the same measure focus OR the same target population as <u>NQF-endorsed measure(s)</u>: Are the measure specifications completely harmonized?
- 5a.2 If the measure specifications are not completely harmonized, identify the differences, rationale, and impact on interpretability and data collection burden:

#### 5b. Competing Measure(s)

5b.1 If this measure has both the same measure focus and the same target population as NQF-endorsed measure(s): Describe why this measure is superior to competing measures (e.g., a more valid or efficient way to measure quality); OR provide a rationale for the additive value of endorsing an additional measure. (Provide analyses when possible):

#### CONTACT INFORMATION

- Co.1 Measure Steward (Intellectual Property Owner): American Society of Clinical Oncology | 2318 Mill Road, Suite 800 | Alexandria | Virginia | 22314
- Co.2 Point of Contact: Craig | Earle, MD | craig.earle@ices.on.ca | 416-480-6047-
- Co.3 Measure Developer if different from Measure Steward: Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences | 2075 Bayview Ave, Gwing, room 106 | Toronto | Ontario, M4N 3M5
- Co.4 Point of Contact: Craig | Earle, MD | craig.earle@ices.on.ca | 416-480-6047-
- Co. 5 Submitter: Craig | Earle, MD | craig.earle@ices.on.ca | 416-480-6047- | Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences
- Co.6 Additional organizations that sponsored/participated in measure development:
- Co.7 Public Contact: Craig | Earle, MD | craig.earle@ices.on.ca | 416-480-6047- | Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Workgroup/Expert Panel involved in measure development

Ad.1 Provide a list of sponsoring organizations and workgroup/panel members' names and organizations. Describe the members' role in measure development.

Co-investigators on grant: Jane Weeks, John Ayanian, Mary Beth Landrum, Susan Block, Joe Newhouse

Ad.2 If adapted, provide title of original measure, NQF # if endorsed, and measure steward. Briefly describe the reasons for adapting the original measure and any work with the original measure steward:

Measure Developer/Steward Updates and Ongoing Maintenance

- Ad.3 Year the measure was first released: 2005
- Ad.4 Month and Year of most recent revision: 06/2011
- Ad.5 What is your frequency for review/update of this measure? g3years
- Ad.6 When is the next scheduled review/update for this measure? 12/2013
- Ad.7 Copyright statement/disclaimers:
- Ad.8 Additional Information/Comments:

Date of Submission (MM/DD/YY): Aug 10, 2009

NQF #0212 Proportion with more than one hospitalization in the last 30 days of life