CONFERENCE CALL OF THE MENTAL HEALTH STEERING COMMITTEE

November 4, 2010

Committee Members Participating: Jeffrey Susman, MD, (co-chair); Sheila Botts, PharmD, BCPP; Richard Goldberg, MD, MS; William Golden, MD; Maureen Hennessey, PhD, CPCC; Harold Pincus, MD; Robert Roca, MD, MPH, MBA; Carol Wilkins, MPP

NQF Staff Participating: Reva Winkler, MD, MPH (clinical consultant); Ashley Morsell, MPH (research analyst)

Others Participating: Mark Antman (The American Medical Association); David Small (The American Medical Association); Sepheen Byron (National Committee for Quality Assurance)

2009 MAINTENANCE PROCESS

In May 2010, the NQF Board of Directors approved a new process that standardized reviews of existing measures in a regular cycle of topic-based measure evaluation. Prior to implementation of the new Endorsement Maintenance Process, NQF had begun reviews for measures under the following topic areas: Diabetes, Mental Health, and Musculoskeletal. Existing Steering Committees and Technical Advisory Panels (TAPs) from the Patient Outcomes project carried out these reviews. The 2009 maintenance process for these measures is described below:

Three-Year Maintenance Reviews

- 1. Email Measure Steward up to 2 months prior to the beginning of the review quarter with a list of measures requiring maintenance review
 - a. Include table with NQF #, Title, Description, Specifications & Endorsement Date
 - b. Include Maintenance Review Form
 - c. Include links to Maintenance webpage for Policies and Criteria
- 2. Measure Steward has 30 calendar days to provide updates
- 3. Measures posted for Public Comment for 30 days
- 4. Maintenance Committee reviews Measures & makes recommendations to CSAC
- 5. CSAC reviews Measures and makes decision regarding continued endorsement
- 6. Update database and formal notification sent to Measure Steward of CSAC decision; Public notification of CSAC decision posted to website
- 7. 30-day Appeals Period

In this process, the Maintenance Committee was asked to review the information submitted by the developers and determine whether the measures still meet the NQF measure evaluation criteria. The summary of the Committee evaluation and recommendations are included in the tables below.

MENTAL HEALTH

The Mental Health Outcomes Steering Committee reviewed 12 measures. The Committee again expressed general dismay at the lack of a comprehensive set of measures for mental health and substance

use. The Committee noted that although many of the measures could be improved, the current measures are better than no measures and so was reluctant to recommend removing endorsement. The Committee recommended that 11 of the 12 measures maintain endorsement.

Table 1. Committee Comments on Measures

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|---|--|
| 0004: Initiation and engagement of alcohol | IMPORTANCE |
| and other drug dependence treatment: a. initiation, b. engagement a. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over diagnosed with AOD abuse or dependence and receiving a related service who initiate treatment b. Assessment of the degree to which members engage in treatment with two additional AOD treatments within 30 days | Meets criteria: Yes Current performance: Commercial, Medicare and Medicaid plans Initiation rate: 44.5-56.5% Engagement rate: 4.5-15.2% SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILITY Meets criteria: Partially Testing—no data provided; SC members support the face validity and note the reliability |
| after initiating treatment. Data Source: administrative data Level of Analysis: plan, system, hospital Measure Developer/Steward: NCQA | of administrative data USABILITY Meets criteria: Completely Current use: HEDIS measure since 2004 |
| | FEASIBILTY Meets criteria: Completely |
| | DISCUSSION Dr. Harold Pincus has a grant to perform a formal validation of the measure; the measure is used in VA and Medicaid plans; plans showing improvement; no risk-adjustment yet, although it is clear that VA populations and commercial plans have different patient populations; SC believes this to be a good and useful measure. |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION Maintain endorsement |
| 0103: Major depressive disorder: diagnostic evaluation Percentage of patients with a diagnosis of major depressive disorder who met the DSM– IV [™] criteria during the visit in which the new diagnosis or recurrent episode was identified | IMPORTANCE Meets criteria: No 2008 PQRI data: Clinician performance ranged from 0 to 100% (n=1,328), with an estimated average of 86%. There is no evidence to suggest that documenting DSM IV is related to outcomes. |
| Data Source: claims, registry Level of Analysis: clinician, group Measure Developer/Steward: AMA/PCPI | DISCUSSION Clinicians should better spend their time on screening and follow-up. "Successful" screening programs have <10% follow-up. |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|--|---|
| | Do not maintain endorsement |
| 0104: Major depressive disorder: suicide | IMPORTANCE |
| risk assessment | Meets criteria: Yes |
| | 2008 PQRI data: Clinician performance ranged |
| Percentage of patients who had a suicide risk | from 0 to 100% (n=5,440), with an estimated |
| assessment completed at each visit | average of 81% |
| | 5 |
| Data Source: claims, registry | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| Level of Analysis: clinician, group | Meets criteria: Partially |
| Measure Developer/Steward: AMA/PCPI | Less specificity in "suicide risk assessment" |
| | compared to measure #111 |
| | No testing information on reliability; face validity |
| | only |
| | |
| | USABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| | Harmonization with measure #111 |
| | In use in 2008-2010 PQRI |
| | |
| | FEASIBILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially-Completely |
| | Used in PQRI with CPT II codes |
| | DISCUSSION |
| | Assessment without follow-up for abnormal screening is |
| | not optimal. A broader measure including depression |
| | and bipolar would be better than two separate |
| | measures. |
| | |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| | Maintain endorsement |
| 0105: New episode of depression: (a) | Revised measure—part a has been removed. |
| Optimal Practitioner Contacts for | |
| Medication Management, (b) effective | IMPORTANCE |
| acute phase treatment, (c) effective | Meets criteria: Yes |
| continuation phase treatment | This is a measure of medication adherence—an |
| a.Percentage of patients who were diagnosed | intermediate outcome measure. |
| with a new episode of depression and treated | Current performance (2009): Commercial: |
| with antidepressant medication, and who had | Acute 63.1%, Continuation 46.3%; Medicare: |
| at least three follow-up contacts with a | Acute—62.5%, Continuation—49.3%; Medicaid: |
| practitioner during the 84-day (12-week) Acute | Acute—48.2%, Continuation—31.8% |
| Treatment Phase. | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| a. Percentage of patients who were diagnosed | Testing—no data provided; SC members |
| with a new episode of depression, were | support the face validity and note the reliability |
| treated with antidepressant medication and | of administrative data |
| remained on an antidepressant drug during | |
| the entire 84-day Acute Treatment Phase. | USABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Completely |
| b. Percentage of patients who were diagnosed | HEDIS measure |
| with a new episode of depression and treated | |
| with antidepressant medication and who | FEASIBILTY |
| remained on an antidepressant drug for at | |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|---|---|
| least 180 days. | Meets criteria: Completely |
| Data Sauraa, administrativa data | Based on administrative data |
| Data Source: administrative data Level of Analysis: | DISCUSSION |
| Measure Developer/Steward: NCQA | Everyone cannot do the depression outcome measures. |
| | so medication adherence is a reasonable alternative. |
| | The measure doesn't allow for non-medication |
| | intervention. |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| 0106: Diagnosis of attention deficit | Maintain endorsement IMPORTANCE |
| hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in primary | Meets criteria: Yes |
| care for school age children and | Over diagnosis and overuse of meds in kids is a |
| adolescents | problem. Diagnostic criteria should be met |
| Percentage of patients newly diagnosed with | before initiating medication. |
| Percentage of patients newly diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) | No data on current performance |
| whose medical record contains documentation | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental | Meets criteria: Partially |
| Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) or Diagnostic and Statistical Manual for Primary | Uses codes 314.01/02; does not include "NOS" |
| Care (DSM-PC) criteria being addressed. | code of 314.9; theoretically more precise in diagnosis of ADHD but acknowledge that |
| | diagnostic coding is random; 314.9 is likely used |
| Data Source: medical record/EHR | a lot for kids on meds that will not be captured |
| Level of Analysis: integrated delivery system, clinic | No testing information |
| Measure Developer/Steward: ICSI | USABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| | No information on current use; measures are |
| | "made available to users" |
| | FEASBILITY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| | Record review via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSION |
| | ADHD is different than depression—concern for |
| | overuse; limited to DSM—doesn't include Connors rating scale that can be used for longitudinal |
| | assessment; a better measure would use a standard |
| | tool to follow patient longitudinally |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| 0407. Monogoment of attention deficit | Maintain endorsement |
| 0107: Management of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in primary | MPORTANCE Meets criteria: Yes |
| care for school age children and | No data on current performance |
| adolescents | Medication management measure—multiple |
| Dereentage of notionte discussed with | guidelines with different recommendations— |
| Percentage of patients diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) | this is based on ICSI guidelines: K-12th |
| and on first-line medication whose medical | grades—follow closely in first weeks; once stable visit every 3-6 months |
| record contains documentation of a follow-up | |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|--|--|
| visit twice a year. | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| Data Source: medical record/EHR | Uses codes 314.01/02; does not include "NOS" |
| Level of Analysis: integrated delivery system, | code of 314.9; theoretically more precise in |
| | diagnosis of ADHD but acknowledge that |
| Measure Developer/Steward: ICSI | diagnostic coding is random; 314.9 is likely used |
| | a lot for kids on meds that will not be captured |
| | No testing information |
| | USABILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| | No information on current use; measures are |
| | "made available to users" by developer |
| | Harmonization with measure 108 |
| | |
| | FEASBILITY |
| | Meets criteria: Partially |
| | Record review via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSION |
| | Twice yearly follow-up is probably not enough. |
| | |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| | Maintain endorsement |
| 0108: ADHD: Follow-Up care for children | IMPORTANCE |
| prescribed attention-deficit/hyperactivity | Meets criteria: Yes |
| disorder (ADHD) medication | Current performance: Commercial Mediacid |
| a. Initiation Phase: Percentage of children 6- | Commercial Medicaid Initiation (2009) 36.6% 36.6% |
| 12 years of age as of the Index Prescription | (2007) 33.7% 33.5% |
| Episode Start Date with an ambulatory | Continuation (2009) 41.7% 41.7% |
| prescription dispensed for and ADHD | (2007) 38.7% |
| medication and who had one follow-up visit | |
| with a practitioner with prescribing authority | 38.9% AAP guidelines: "The clinician should |
| during the 30-Day Initiation Phase. | periodically provide a systematic follow-up for |
| b Continuation and Maintonanaa (CRM) | the child (ages 6-12) with ADHD. Monitoring |
| b. Continuation and Maintenance (C&M) Phase: Percentage of children 6-12 years of | should be directed to target outcomes and |
| age as of the Index Prescription Episode Start | adverse effects, with information gathered from parents, teachers, and the child." |
| Date with an ambulatory prescription | |
| dispensed for ADHD medication who | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| remained on the medication for at least 210 | Meets criteria: Partially |
| days and who in addition to the visit in the | Testing—no data provided; SC members |
| Initiation Phase had at least two additional | support the face validity and note the reliability |
| follow-up visits with a practitioner within 270 | of administrative data |
| days (9 months) after the Initiation Phase ends. | |
| | USABILTY |
| Data Source: administrative data | Meets criteria: Partially HEDIS measure |
| Level of Analysis: plan, system, hospital | |
| Measure Developer/Steward: NCQA | Harmonization with 107 (age; frequency) |
| | FEASIBILTY |
| | Meets criteria: Completely |
| | Based on administrative data |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|---|--|
| | SC RECOMMENDATION Maintain endorsement |
| | STAFF NOTE Harmonization challenges—widely conflicting guidelines regarding age and frequency |
| 0003: Bipolar disorder: assessment for diabetes ^a Percentage of patients treated for bipolar disorder who are assessed for diabetes within 16 weeks after initiating treatment with an atypical antipsychotic agent. | IMPORTANCE Meets criteria: Yes No data on current performance Abnormal glucose and other metabolic abnormalities are common with antipsychotic medication |
| Data Source: medical record Level of Analysis: individual, group, facility, system, plan Measure Developer/Steward: Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental Health (CQIMH) | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY Meets criteria: Completely Good testing for reliability and validity in 2005 during development, but no data since then USABILITY Committee members aware that measure being used locally—usually though EHRs; Developer has no current data |
| | FEASIBILITY Usually via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSION Abnormal glucose is important but so are other metabolic abnormalities—measure should include screening for more risk factors; alternatively use of antipsychotic medications would be an indication for glucose and cholesterol screening in a general population measure |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION Maintain endorsement. Recommendations to developer—update the measure to include screening for other metabolic abnormalities. |
| | MEASURE DEVELOPER RESPONSE (11/23/10): "With the exception of an annual review to ensure these measures remain up-to-date in what they measure, no enhancement of them is currently planned. I don't personally have more recent data. Some of these measures are being/will be absorbed and improved by forthcoming initiations." |
| 0109: Bipolar disorder and major | IMPORTANCE |
| depression: assessment for manic or hypomanic behaviors ^a | Meets criteria: YesNo data on current performance |
| | |
| Percentage of patients treated for depression | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| who were assessed, prior to treatment, for the | Meets criteria: Completely |
| presence of current and/or prior manic or | Good testing for reliability and validity in 2005 |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|---|--|
| hypomanic behaviors. | during development, but no data since then |
| Data Source: medical record Level of Analysis: individual, group, facility, system, plan Measure Developer/Steward: Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental Health (CQIMH) | USABILITY Committee members aware that measure being used locally, usually though EHRs; Developer has no current data. FEASIBILITY Usually via EHRs DISCUSSION Assessment measures should include the action/follow- up in response to a positive assessment. SC RECOMMENDATION |
| | Maintain endorsement. See developer response to |
| 0110: Bipolar disorder and major depression: appraisal for alcohol or chemical substance use ^a | #003. IMPORTANCE • Meets criteria: Yes • No data on current performance |
| Percentage of patients with depression or bipolar disorder with evidence of an initial assessment that includes an appraisal for alcohol or chemical substance use | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY Meets criteria: Completely Good testing for reliability and validity in 2005 during development, but no data since then |
| Data Source: medical record Level of Analysis: individual, group, facility, system, plan Measure Developer/Steward: Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental Health (CQIMH) | USABILITY Committee members aware that measure being used locally, usually though EHRs; Developer has no current data. FEASIBILITY Usually via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSIONAssessment measures should include the action/follow- up in response to a positive assessment.SC RECOMMENDATION Maintain endorsement. See developer response to #003. |
| 0111: Bipolar disorder: appraisal for risk | IMPORTANCE |
| of suicide ^a | Meets criteria: Yes |
| Percentage of patients with bipolar disorder with evidence of an initial assessment that includes an appraisal for risk of suicide. Data Source: medical record Level of Analysis: individual, group, facility, system, plan | No data on current performance SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY Meets criteria: Completely Good testing for reliability and validity in 2005 during development, but no data since then USABILITY |
| Measure Developer/Steward: Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental Health (CQIMH) | Committee members aware that measure being used locally, usually though EHRs. Developer has no current data. |

| Measure | Steering Committee Evaluation |
|---|--|
| | Harmonization—more specificity on risk appraisal than measure #104 |
| | |
| | Usually via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSION |
| | A broader measure including both depression and bipolar would be better than two measures. |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| | Maintain endorsement. See developer's response to #003. |
| 0112: Bipolar disorder: Level-of-function | IMPORTANCE |
| evaluation ^a | Meets criteria: Yes |
| | No data on current performance |
| Percentage of patients treated for bipolar | |
| disorder with evidence of level-of-function evaluation at the time of the initial assessment | SCIENTIFIC ACCEPTABILTY |
| and again within 12 weeks of initiating | Meets criteria: Completely |
| treatment | Good testing for reliability and validity in 2005 during development, but no data since then |
| Data Source: medical record | USABILITY |
| Level of Analysis: individual, group, facility, | Committee members aware that measure being used |
| system, plan Measure Developer/Steward: Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in | locally, usually though EHRs; Developer has no current data. |
| Mental Health (CQIMH) | |
| | FEASIBILITY Usually via EHRs |
| | DISCUSSION |
| | Weakest of the bipolar measures but better than |
| | nothing. Multiple tools available. Longitudinal, sequential assessment would be a meter measure. |
| | SC RECOMMENDATION |
| | Maintain endorsement. See developer's response to #003. |

^a Dr. Bill Golden disclosed to the Committee that he participated in the development workgroup for the STABLE measures in 2005 although he no longer is involved with the measures. Dr. Golden recused himself from the decisionmaking and offered factual background information only.