



NATIONAL  
QUALITY FORUM

# National Consensus Standards for Surgery

*Standing Committee Orientation*

*December 12, 2-4 pm ET*

# Welcome

# Project Team

- Melissa Mariñelarena, Senior Director
- Kathryn Goodwin, Senior Project Manager
- Christy Skipper, Project Manager
- Mauricio Menendez, Project Analyst

# Agenda for the Call

- Standing Committee Introductions
- Overview of NQF, the Consensus Development Process, and Roles of the Standing Committee, co-chairs, NQF staff
- Overview of NQF's portfolio of Surgery measures
- Review of project activities and timelines
- Overview of NQF's measure evaluation criteria
- SharePoint Tutorial
- Measure Worksheet example
- Next steps

# Surgery Standing Committee

- Karl Bilimoria, MD, MS
- Robert Cima, MD, MA
- Richard Dutton, MD, MBA
- Elisabeth Erekson, MD, MPH
- **Lee Fleisher, MD (Co-Chair)**
- Frederick Grover, MD
- **William Gunnar, MD, JD (Co-Chair)**
- John Handy, MD
- Mark Jarrett, MD, MBA
- Clifford Ko, MD, MS, MSHS, FACS
- Barbara Levy, MD, FACOG, FACS
- Barry Markman, MD
- Lawrence Moss, MD
- Amy Moyer, MS, PMP
- Keith Olsen, PharmD, FCCP, FCCM
- Lynn Reede, DNP, MBA, CRNA
- Christopher Saigal, MD, MPH
- Salvatore T. Scali, MD
- Allan Siperstein, MD
- Joshua Stein, MD, MS
- Larissa Temple, MD
- Melissa Thomason, MS, PMP
- Barbee Whitaker, PhD
- A.J. Yates, MD

# Overview of NQF, the CDP, and Roles

# The National Quality Forum: A Unique Role

Established in 1999, NQF is a non-profit, non-partisan, membership-based organization that brings together public and private sector stakeholders to reach consensus on healthcare performance measurement. The goal is to make healthcare in the U.S. better, safer, and more affordable.

**Mission:** To lead national collaboration to improve health and healthcare quality through measurement

- An Essential Forum
- Gold Standard for Quality Measurement
- Leadership in Quality



# NQF Activities in Multiple Measurement Areas

- **Performance Measure Endorsement**
  - *600+ NQF-endorsed measures across multiple clinical areas*
  - *15 empaneled standing expert committees*
- **Measure Applications Partnership (MAP)**
  - *Advises HHS on selecting measures for 20+ federal programs/Medicaid*
- **National Quality Partners**
  - *Convenes stakeholders around critical health and healthcare topics*
  - *Spurs action: recent examples include antibiotic stewardship, advanced illness care, shared decision-making, and opioid stewardship*
- **Measurement Science**
  - *Convenes private and public sector leaders to reach consensus on complex issues in healthcare performance measurement*
    - » Examples include HCBS, rural issues, telehealth, interoperability, attribution, risk-adjustment for social risk factors, diagnostic accuracy, disparities
- **Measure Incubator**
  - *Facilitates efficient measure development and testing through collaboration and partnership*



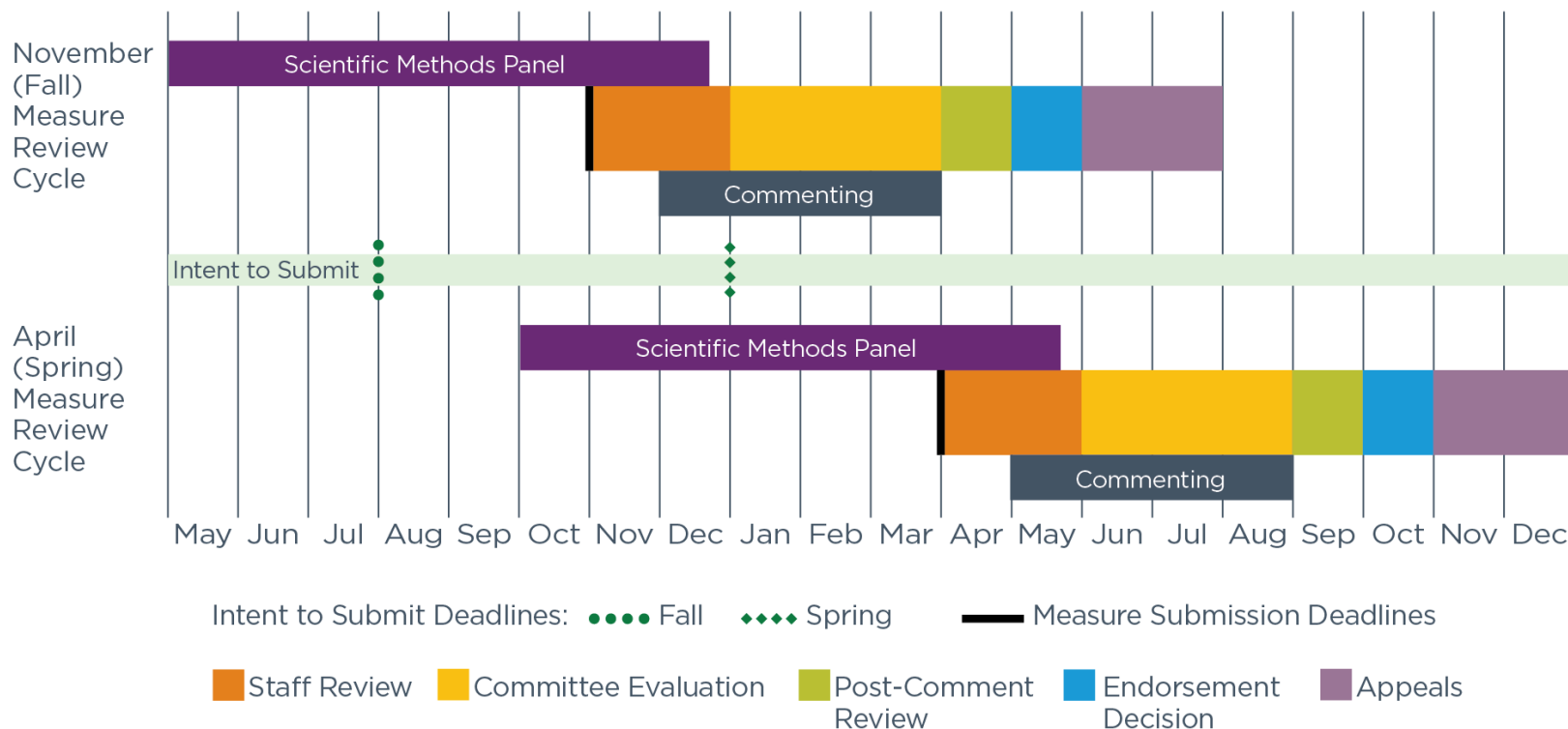
# NQF Consensus Development Process (CDP)

## 6 Steps for Measure Endorsement

- Intent to Submit
- Call for Nominations
- Measure Evaluation
  - *New structure/process*
  - *Newly formed NQF Scientific Methods Panel*
  - *Measure Evaluation Technical Report*
- Public Commenting Period with Member Support
- Measure Endorsement
- Measure Appeals

# Measure Review: Two Cycles Per Year

## Consensus Development Process: Two Cycles Every Contract Year



# 15 New Measure Review Topical Areas

|                                 |                                  |  |                                 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
|                                 | All Cause Admission/Readmissions | Behavioral Health                      |                                 |
| Cancer                          | Cardiovascular                   | Care Coordination                      | Infectious Disease              |
| Cost and Resource Use           | Endocrine                        | Eyes, Ears, Nose and Throat Conditions | Palliative and End-of Life Care |
| Gastrointestinal                | Genitourinary                    | Health and Well Being                  | Musculoskeletal                 |
| Neurology                       | Patient Safety                   | Pediatrics                             | Perinatal                       |
| Person and Family-Centered Care | Pulmonary and Critical Care      | Renal                                  | Surgery                         |



|                                  |                                   |   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| All Cause Admission/Readmissions | Behavioral Health & Substance Use | Cancer  |
| Cardiovascular                   | Cost and Efficiency <sup>A</sup>  | Geriatric and Palliative Care <sup>B</sup>    |
| Neurology                        | Patient Experience & Function     | Patient Safety <sup>C</sup>                   |
| Pediatrics                       | Perinatal and Women's Health      | Prevention and Population Health <sup>D</sup> |
| Primary Care and Chronic Illness | Renal                             | Surgery                                       |

- <sup>A</sup> Cost & Efficiency will include efficiency-focused measures from other domains  
<sup>B</sup> Geriatric & Palliative Care includes pain-focused measures from other domains  
<sup>C</sup> Patient Safety will include acute infectious disease and critical measures  
<sup>D</sup> Prevention and Population Health is formerly Health and Well Being

  Denotes expanded topic area

# Role of the Expert Reviewers

- In 2017, NQF executed a CDP redesign that resulted in restructuring and reducing the number of topical areas as well as a bi-annual measure review process.
- Given these changes, there is a need for diverse yet specific expertise to support longer and continuous engagement from standing committees.

# Role of the Expert Reviewers

- The expert reviewer pool serves as an adjunct to NQF standing committees to ensure broad representation and provide technical expertise when needed.
- Expert reviewers will provide expertise as needed to review measures submitted for endorsement consideration by:
  - *Replacing an inactive committee member;*
  - *Replacing a committee member whose term has ended; or*
  - *Providing expertise that is not currently represented on the committee.*
- Expert reviewers may also:
  - *Provide comments and feedback on measures throughout the measure review process*
  - *Participate in strategic discussions in the event no measures are submitted for endorsement consideration*

# Role of the Standing Committee

## *General Duties*

- Act as a proxy for the NQF multistakeholder membership
- Serve 2-year or 3-year terms
- Work with NQF staff to achieve the goals of the project
- Evaluate candidate measures against the measure evaluation criteria
- Respond to comments submitted during the review period
- Respond to any directions from the CSAC

# Role of the Standing Committee

## *Measure Evaluation Duties*

- All members evaluate ALL measures
- Evaluate measures against each criterion
  - *Indicate the extent to which each criterion is met and rationale for the rating*
- Make recommendations to the NQF membership for endorsement
- Oversee Surgery portfolio of measures
  - *Promote alignment and harmonization*
  - *Identify gaps*

# Role of the Standing Committee Co-Chairs

- Co-facilitate Standing Committee (SC) meetings
- Work with NQF staff to achieve the goals of the project
- Assist NQF in anticipating questions and identifying additional information that may be useful to the SC
- Keep SC on track to meet goals of the project without hindering critical discussion/input
- Represent the SC at CSAC meetings
- Participate as a SC member



# Role of NQF Staff

- NQF project staff works with SC to achieve the goals of the project and ensure adherence to the consensus development process:
  - ▣ *Organize and staff SC meetings and conference calls*
  - ▣ *Guide the SC through the steps of the CDP and advise on NQF policy and procedures*
  - ▣ *Review measure submissions and prepare materials for Committee review*
  - ▣ *Draft and edit reports for SC review*
  - ▣ *Ensure communication among all project participants (including SC and measure developers)*
  - ▣ *Facilitate necessary communication and collaboration between different NQF projects*

# Role of NQF Staff

## *Communication*

- Respond to NQF member or public queries about the project
- Maintain documentation of project activities
- Post project information to NQF's website
- Work with measure developers to provide necessary information and communication for the SC to fairly and adequately evaluate measures for endorsement
- Publish final project report

# Role of Methods Panel

- Scientific Methods Panel created to ensure higher-level and more consistent reviews of the scientific acceptability of measures
- The Methods Panel is charged with:
  - *Conducting evaluation of complex measures for the Scientific Acceptability criterion, with a focus on reliability and validity analyses and results*
  - *Serve in advisory capacity to NQF on methodologic issues, including those related to measure testing, risk adjustment, and measurement approaches.*
- The method panel review will help inform the standing committee's endorsement decision. The panel will not render endorsement recommendations.

# NQF Consensus Development Process (CDP) Measure Evaluation

## *Complex Measures*

- Outcome measures, including intermediate clinical outcomes
- Instrument-based measures (e.g., PRO-PMs)
- Cost/resource use measures
- Efficiency measures (those combining concepts of resource use and quality)
- Composite measures

## *Noncomplex Measures*

- Process measures
- Structural measures
- Previously endorsed complex measures with no changes/updates to the specifications or testing

# Questions?

# Overview of NQF's Surgery Portfolio

# Surgery Portfolio of Measures

- This project will evaluate measures related to surgery and surgical procedures that can be used for accountability and public reporting for all populations and in all settings of care. This phase of the project will address topic areas including:
  - *Lung Cancer*
  - *Ambulatory Surgery*
- NQF solicits new measures for possible endorsement
- NQF currently has more than 100 endorsed measures within or related to surgery or surgical procedures. Endorsed measures undergo periodic evaluation to maintain endorsement—“maintenance.”

# Surgery Portfolio of Measures - continued

## **Six measures were added to the portfolio based on the CDP re-design**

- 0225 At least 12 regional lymph nodes are removed and pathologically examined for resected colon cancer
- 0456 Participation in a Systematic National Database for General Thoracic Surgery
- 0564/3056 Cataracts: Complications within 30 Days Following Cataract Surgery Requiring Additional Surgical Procedures
- 0565/3057 Cataracts: 20/40 or Better Visual Acuity within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery
- 1536 Cataracts: Improvement in Patient's Visual Function within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery
- 1790 Risk-Adjusted Morbidity and Mortality for Lung Resection for Lung Cancer



# Surgery Portfolio of Measures Under Review

## Lung Cancer

- 1790 Risk-Adjusted Morbidity and Mortality for Lung Resection for Lung Cancer (The Society of Thoracic Surgeons) **\*Maintenance Measure**
- 3294 STS Lobectomy for Lung Cancer Composite Score (The Society of Thoracic Surgeons)

## Ambulatory Surgery

- 3357 Facility Level 7-Day Hospital Visits after General Surgery Procedures Performed at Ambulatory Surgical Centers (CMS/Yale CORE) **\*Under consideration in MAP – MUC17-233**
- 3366 Hospital Visits after Urology Ambulatory Surgical Center Procedures (CMS/Yale CORE)

# Activities and Timeline

| Meeting                         | Date/Time  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Measure Evaluation Web Meetings | #1 – February 1, 3-5 pm ET<br>#2 – February 6, 2-4 pm ET<br>#3 – February 7, 1-3 pm ET |
| Post-Meeting Conference Call    | February 20, 2-4 pm ET   |
| Post Draft Report Comment Call  | May 3, 3-5 pm ET   |

# Questions?

# Measure Evaluation Criteria Overview

# NQF Measure Evaluation Criteria for Endorsement

**NQF endorses measures for accountability applications (public reporting, payment programs, accreditation, etc.) as well as quality improvement.**

- Standardized evaluation criteria
- Criteria have evolved over time in response to stakeholder feedback
- The quality measurement enterprise is constantly growing and evolving – greater experience, lessons learned, expanding demands for measures – the criteria evolve to reflect the ongoing needs of stakeholders

# Major Endorsement Criteria (page 28)

- **Importance to measure and report:** Goal is to measure those aspects with greatest potential of driving improvements; if not important, the other criteria are less meaningful (**must-pass**)
- **Reliability and Validity-scientific acceptability of measure properties:** Goal is to make valid conclusions about quality; if not reliable and valid, there is risk of improper interpretation (**must-pass**)
- **Feasibility:** Goal is to, ideally, cause as little burden as possible; if not feasible, consider alternative approaches
- **Usability and Use:** Goal is to use for decisions related to accountability and improvement; if not useful, probably do not care if feasible
- **Comparison to related or competing measures**

# Criterion #1: Importance to Measure and Report (page 30-39)

**1. Importance to measure and report** - Extent to which the specific measure focus is evidence-based and important to making significant gains in healthcare quality where there is variation in or overall less-than-optimal performance.

***1a. Evidence:*** *the measure focus is evidence-based*

***1b. Opportunity for Improvement:*** *demonstration of quality problems and opportunity for improvement, i.e., data demonstrating considerable variation, or overall less-than-optimal performance, in the quality of care across providers; and/or disparities in care across population groups*

***1c. Quality construct and rationale*** *(composite measures only)*

# Subcriterion 1a: Evidence (page 31-37)

## ■ Outcome measures

- *Empirical data demonstrate a relationship between the outcome and at least one healthcare structure, process, intervention, or service. If not available, wide variation in performance can be used as evidence, assuming the data are from a robust number of providers and results are not subject to systematic bias.*

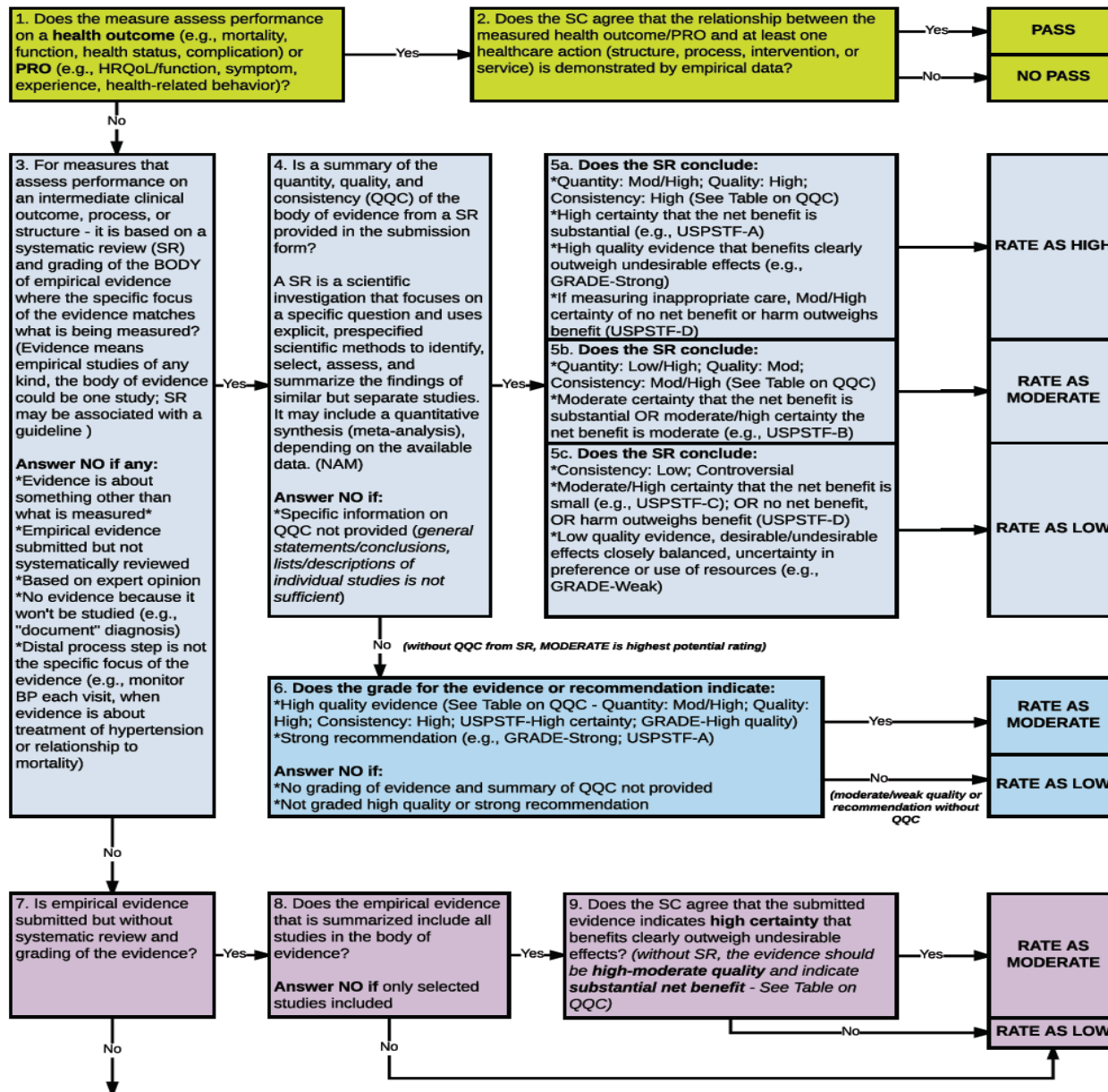
## ■ Structure, process, intermediate outcome measures

- *The quantity, quality, and consistency of the body of evidence underlying the measure should demonstrate that the measure focuses on those aspects of care known to influence desired patient outcomes*
  - » Empirical studies (expert opinion is not evidence)
  - » Systematic review and grading of evidence
    - *Clinical Practice Guidelines – variable in approach to evidence review*

## ■ For measures derived from patient (or family/parent/etc.) report

- *Evidence should demonstrate that the target population values the measured outcome, process, or structure and finds it meaningful.*
- *Current requirements for structure and process measures also apply to patient-reported structure/process measures.*





# Criterion #1: Importance to measure and report

Criteria emphasis is different for new vs. maintenance measures

| New measures  | Maintenance measures   |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Evidence – Quantity, quality, consistency (QQC)</li><li>Established link for process measures with outcomes</li></ul> | <p><b>DECREASED EMPHASIS:</b> Require measure developer to attest evidence is unchanged evidence from last evaluation; Standing Committee to affirm no change in evidence</p> <p>IF changes in evidence, the Committee will evaluate as for new measures</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Gap – opportunity for improvement, variation, quality of care across providers</li></ul>                              | <p><b>INCREASED EMPHASIS:</b> data on current performance, gap in care and variation</p>   |

# Criterion #2: Reliability and Validity—Scientific Acceptability of Measure Properties (page 39 -48)

Extent to which the measure, as specified, produces consistent (reliable) and credible (valid) results about the quality of health care delivery

## 2a. Reliability (must-pass)

*2a1. Precise specifications including exclusions*

*2a2. Reliability testing—data elements or measure score*

## 2b. Validity (must-pass)

*2b1. Validity testing—data elements or measure score*

*2b2. Justification of exclusions—relates to evidence*

*2b3. Risk adjustment—typically for outcome/cost/resource use*

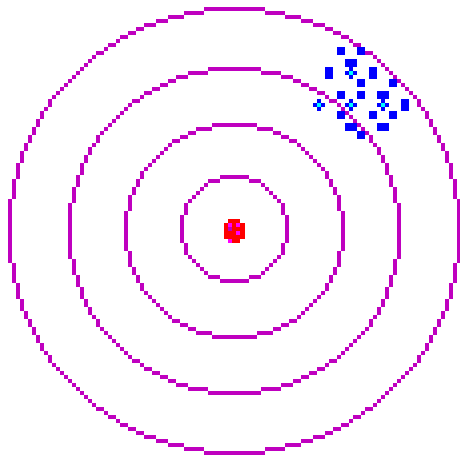
*2b4. Identification of differences in performance*

*2b5. Comparability of data sources/methods*

*2b6. Missing data*

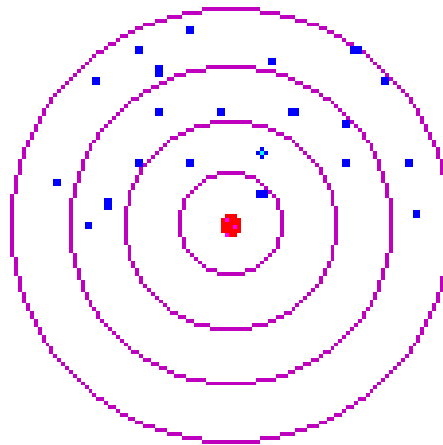
# Reliability and Validity (page 40)

**Assume the center of the target is the true score...**



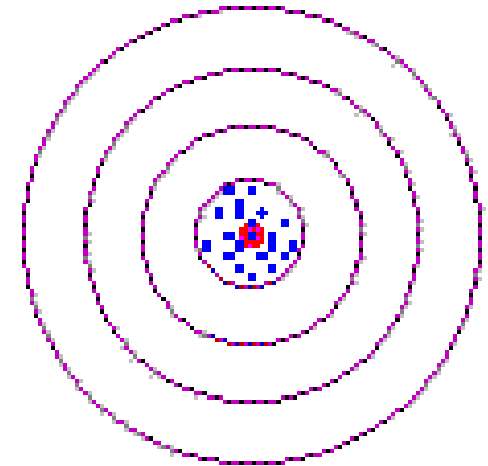
**Reliable  
Not Valid**

Consistent,  
but wrong



**Neither Reliable  
Nor Valid**

Inconsistent &  
wrong



**Both Reliable  
And Valid**

Consistent &  
correct

# Evaluating Scientific Acceptability – Key Points (page 41)

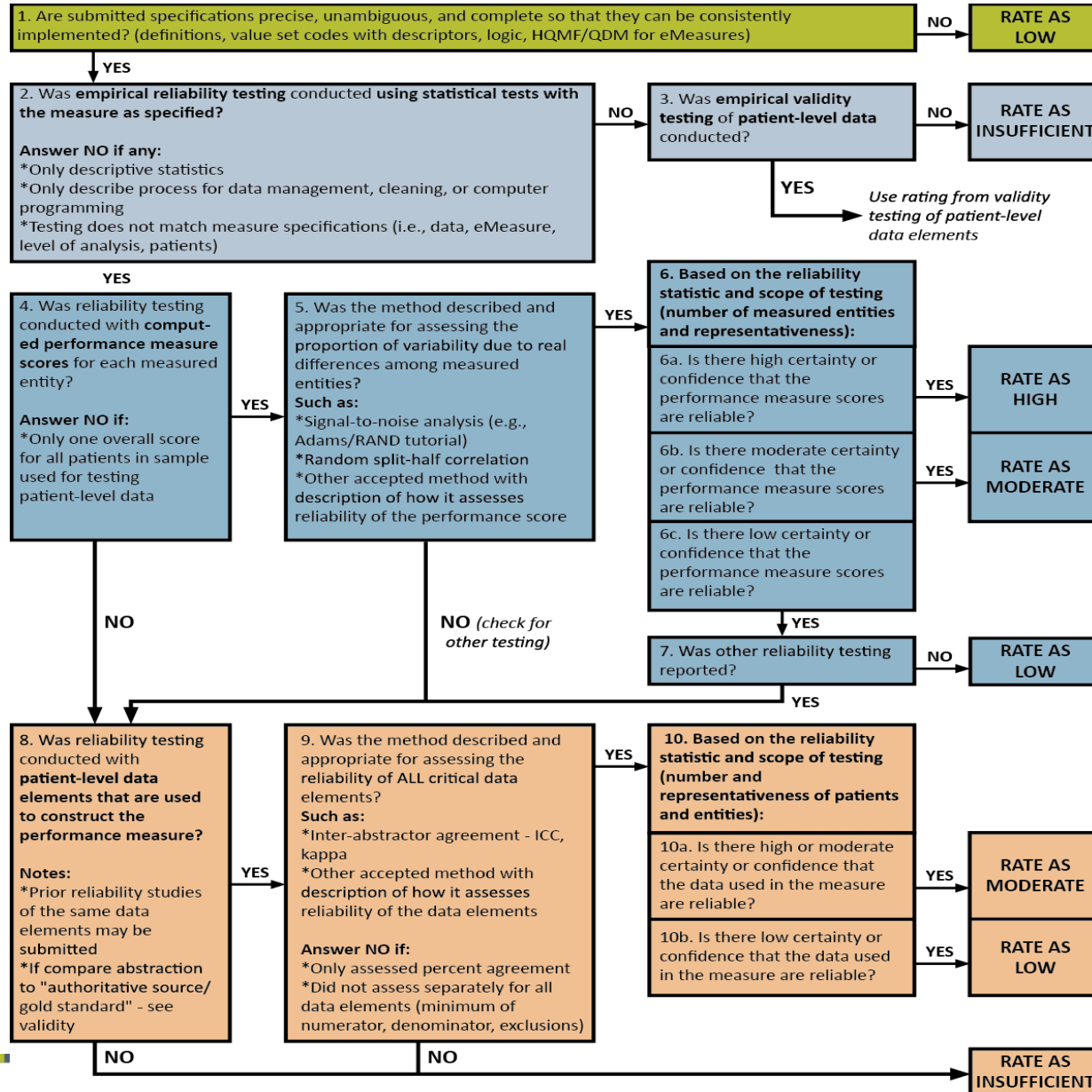
**Empirical analysis** to demonstrate the reliability and validity of the *measure as specified*, including analysis of issues that pose threats to the validity of conclusions about quality of care such as exclusions, risk adjustment/stratification for outcome and resource use measures, methods to identify differences in performance, and comparability of data sources/methods.

# Reliability Testing

## Key points - page 42

- Reliability of the **measure score** refers to the proportion of variation in the performance scores due to systematic differences across the measured entities in relation to random variation or noise (i.e., the precision of the measure).
  - *Example - Statistical analysis of sources of variation in performance measure scores (signal-to-noise analysis)*
- Reliability of the **data elements** refers to the repeatability/reproducibility of the data and uses patient-level data
  - *Example –inter-rater reliability*
- Consider whether testing used an appropriate method and included adequate representation of providers and patients and whether results are within acceptable norms
- Algorithm #2

# Rating Reliability: Algorithm #2 – page 43



# Validity testing (pages 44 - 49)

## Key points – page 47

### ■ Empirical testing

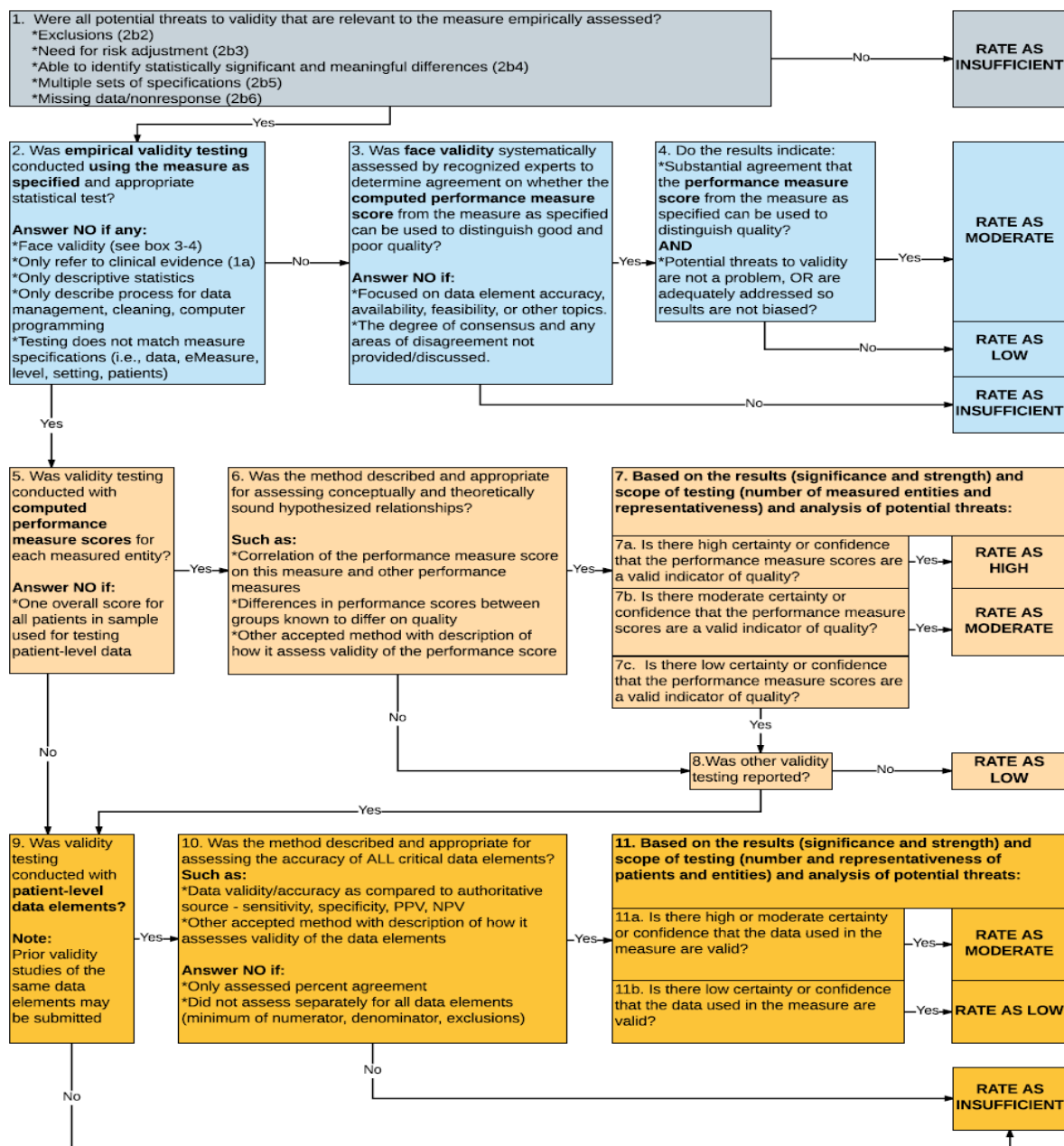
- *Measure score* – assesses a hypothesized relationship of the measure results to some other concept; assesses the correctness of conclusions about quality
- *Data element* – assesses the correctness of the data elements compared to a “gold standard”

### ■ Face validity

- *Subjective determination by experts that the measure appears to reflect quality of care*
  - » Empirical validity testing is expected at time of maintenance review; if not possible, justification is required.
  - » Requires systematic and transparent process, by identified experts, that explicitly addresses whether performance scores resulting from the measure as specified can be used to distinguish good from poor quality. The degree of consensus and any areas of disagreement must be provided/discussed.



# Rating Validity: Algorithm #3 – page 48



# Threats to Validity

- Conceptual
  - *Measure focus is not a relevant outcome of healthcare or not strongly linked to a relevant outcome*
- Unreliability
  - *Generally, an unreliable measure cannot be valid*
- Patients inappropriately excluded from measurement
- Differences in patient mix for outcome and resource use measures
- Measure scores that are generated with multiple data sources/methods
- Systematic missing or “incorrect” data (unintentional or intentional)

# Criterion #2: Scientific Acceptability

| New measures  | Maintenance measures   |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Measure specifications are precise with all information needed to implement the measure</li></ul> | NO DIFFERENCE: Require updated specifications  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reliability</li><li>• Validity (including risk-adjustment)</li></ul>                              | <p><b>DECREASED EMPHASIS:</b> If prior testing adequate, no need for additional testing at maintenance with certain exceptions (e.g., change in data source, level of analysis, or setting)</p> <p>Must address the questions regarding use of social risk factors in risk-adjustment approach</p> |

# Criterion #3: Feasibility (page 49)

## Key Points – page 50

Extent to which the required data are readily available, retrievable without undue burden, and can be implemented for performance measurement.

***3a: Clinical data generated during care process***

***3b: Electronic sources***

***3c: Data collection strategy can be implemented***

# Criterion #4: Usability and Use (page 50)

## Key Points – page 51

Extent to which potential audiences (e.g., consumers, purchasers, providers, policymakers) are using or could use performance results for both accountability and performance improvement to achieve the goal of high-quality, efficient healthcare for individuals or populations.

### Use (4a) **Now must-pass for maintenance measures**

**4a1: Accountability and Transparency:** *Performance results are used in at least one accountability application within three years after initial endorsement and are publicly reported within six years after initial endorsement.*

**4a2: Feedback by those being measured or others:** *Those being measured have been given results and assistance in interpreting results; those being measured and others have been given opportunity for feedback; the feedback has been considered by developers.*

### Usability (4b)

**4b1: Improvement:** *Progress toward achieving the goal of high-quality, efficient healthcare for individuals or populations is demonstrated.*

**4b2: Benefits outweigh the harms:** *The benefits of the performance measure in facilitating progress toward achieving high-quality, efficient healthcare for individuals or populations outweigh evidence of unintended negative consequences to individuals or populations (if such evidence exists).*

# Criteria #3-4: Feasibility and Usability and Use

| New measures  | Maintenance measures   |
|---|--|
| Feasibility   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Measure feasible, including eMeasure feasibility assessment</li></ul>   | NO DIFFERENCE: Implementation issues may be more prominent   |
| Usability and Use   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Use: used in accountability applications and public reporting</li></ul> | <b>INCREASED EMPHASIS:</b> Much greater focus on measure use and usefulness, including both impact and unintended consequences |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Usability: impact and unintended consequences</li></ul>                 |  |

## Criterion #5: Related or Competing Measures (page 51-52)

If a measure meets the four criteria and there are endorsed/new **related** measures (same measure focus or same target population) or **competing** measures (both the same measure focus and same target population), the measures are compared to address harmonization and/or selection of the best measure.

- 5a. The measure specifications are harmonized with related measures **OR** the differences in specifications are justified.
- 5b. The measure is superior to competing measures (e.g., is a more valid or efficient way to measure) **OR** multiple measures are justified.

# Updated guidance for measures that use ICD-10 coding: Fall 2017 and 2018

- Gap can be based on literature and/or data based on ICD-9 or ICD-10 coding
- Submit updated ICD-10 reliability testing if available; if not, testing based on ICD-9 coding will suffice
- Submit updated validity testing
  - *Submit updated empirical validity testing on the ICD-10 specified measure, **if available***
  - ***OR** face validity of the ICD-10 coding scheme **plus face validity** of the measure score as an indicator of quality*
  - ***OR** face validity of the ICD-10 coding scheme **plus score-level** empirical validity testing based on ICD-9 coding*
  - ***OR** face validity of the ICD-10 coding scheme **plus data element** level validity testing based on ICD-9 coding, with face validity of the measure score as an indicator of quality due at **annual update***



# eMeasures

- “Legacy” eMeasures
  - *Beginning September 30, 2017 all respecified measure submissions for use in federal programs will be required to the same evaluation criteria as respecified measures – the “**BONNIE testing only**” option will no longer meet endorsement criteria*
- For all eMeasures: Reliance on data from structured data fields is expected; otherwise, unstructured data must be shown to be both reliable and valid

# Evaluation Process

- **Preliminary analysis (PA):** To assist the Committee evaluation of each measure against the criteria, NQF staff and Methods Panel (if applicable) will prepare a PA of the measure submission and offer preliminary ratings for each criteria.
  - *The PA will be used as a starting point for the Committee discussion and evaluation*
  - *Methods Panel will complete review of Scientific Acceptability criterion for complex measures*
- **Individual evaluation:** Each Committee member conduct an in-depth evaluation on all measures (responses collected via SurveyMonkey)
  - *Each Committee member will be assigned a subset of measures for which they will serve as lead discussant in the evaluation meeting.*

# Evaluation Process

- **Measure evaluation and recommendations at the in-person/web meeting:** The entire Committee will discuss and rate each measure against the evaluation criteria and make recommendations for endorsement.
- **Staff will prepare a draft report** detailing the Committee's discussion and recommendations
  - *This report will be released for a 30-day public and member comment period*
- **Post-comment call:** The Committee will re-convene for a post-comment call to discuss comments submitted
- **Final endorsement decision by the CSAC**
- **Appeals (if any)**

# Questions?

# SharePoint Overview

# SharePoint Overview

<http://share.qualityforum.org/Projects/surgery/SitePages/Home.aspx>

- Accessing SharePoint
- Standing Committee Policy
- Standing Committee Guidebook
- Measure Document Sets
- Meeting and Call Documents
- Committee Roster and Biographies
- Calendar of Meetings

# SharePoint Overview

- Screen shot of homepage:

The screenshot shows the SharePoint homepage for the National Quality Forum Cardiovascular project. The header includes the NQF logo, the text 'NATIONAL QUALITY FORUM Cardiovascular > Home', and user interaction icons like 'I Like It' and 'Tags & Notes'. A navigation bar contains links for 'NQF Share', 'Intranet', 'Projects', 'CSAC', 'Councils', 'HHS', and 'SharePoint Help'. A search bar is also present.

**Committee Home**

- Committee Calendar
- Committee Links
- Committee Roster
- Staff Contacts

**Surveys**

- Committee Preliminary Measure Evaluation

**Staff Home**

- Staff Documents

**Recycle Bin**

- All Site Content

## Cardiovascular

### General Documents

| Type | Name  | Modified           | Modified By   |
|------|---|--------------------|---------------|
|      | <a href="#">CDP Standing Committee Policy</a>             | 1/16/2014 2:38 PM  | Wunmi Isijola |
|      | <a href="#">Committee Guidebook</a>                       | 1/10/2014 10:20 AM | Wunmi Isijola |
|      | <a href="#">Measure Evaluation Criteria Guidance 2013</a> | 1/16/2014 2:38 PM  | Wunmi Isijola |
|      | <a href="#">Measure Information- What Good Looks Like</a> | 1/16/2014 2:36 PM  | Wunmi Isijola |

[+ Add document](#)

### Measure Documents

| Measure Number                 | Name  | Description   | Measure Steward/Developer       | Measure Sub-Topic |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Measure Sub-Topic : (1)</b> |   |   |                                 |                   |
| 0521                           | <a href="#">Heart Failure Symptoms Assessed and Addressed</a> | Percentage of home health episodes of care during which patients with heart failure were assessed for symptoms of heart failure, and appropriate actions were taken when the patient exhibited symptoms of heart failure. | Centers for Medicare & Medicaid |                   |

[+ Add document](#)

### Meeting and Call Documents




| Type  | Name  | Modified          | Modified By   |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------|
| <b>Meeting Title : 1/30/2014 Orientation Call (1)</b> |   |                   |               |
|   | <a href="#">NQF Cardiovascular Project Orientation Agenda</a> | 1/28/2014 2:56 PM | Wunmi Isijola |

[+ Add document](#)




# SharePoint Overview

- Please keep in mind:
- + and – signs :



## Measure Documents

|  Measure Number                 | Name |
|--|------|
|  <b>Measure Sub-Topic : (1)</b> |      |
|  Add document                   |      |




## Meeting and Call Documents

|  Type   | Name |
|---|------|
|  <b>Meeting Title : 1/30/2014 Orientation Call (1)</b> |      |
|  Add document  |      |

## Measure Documents

|  Measure Number | Name  | Description  |
|---|---|--|
| 0521  | Heart Failure Symptoms Assessed and Addressed | Percentage of home health episodes heart failure were assessed for sym appropriate actions were taken whe heart failure. |
|  Add document   |   |  |

## Meeting and Call Documents

|  Type   | Name  |
|---|---|
|  <b>Meeting Title : 1/30/2014 Orientation Call (1)</b> |   |
|    | NQF Cardiovascular Project Orientation Agenda  |
|  Add document   |   |



# Measure Worksheet and Measure Information

- Measure Worksheet

- *Preliminary analysis, including eMeasure Technical Review if needed, and preliminary ratings*
- *Member and public comments*
- *Information submitted by the developer*
  - » Evidence and testing attachments
  - » Spreadsheets
  - » Additional documents

# Next Steps

# Next Steps

- Web Meetings
  - *Measure Evaluation Web Meetings*
    - » #1 – February 1, 3-5 pm ET
    - » #2 – February 6, 2-4 pm ET
    - » #3 – February 7, 1-3 pm ET
  - *Measure Evaluation Post-Meeting*
    - » February 20, 2-4 pm ET
  - *Post Comment Web Meeting*
    - » May 3, 3-5 pm ET

# Project Contact Info

- Email: [surgery@qualityforum.org](mailto:surgery@qualityforum.org)
- NQF phone: 202-783-1300
- Project page:  
[http://www.qualityforum.org/Surgery\\_2017-2018.aspx](http://www.qualityforum.org/Surgery_2017-2018.aspx)
- SharePoint site:  
<http://share.qualityforum.org/Projects/Surgery/SitePages/Home.aspx>

# Questions?

THANK YOU